Watchman

Bellefonte Republican.

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"Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

SALOONS are forbidden in Oklahoma.

WILL the Legislature adjourn on Thursday?

PRESIDENT CARNOT, of France, was shot at on last Sunday.

EVERY farmer who votes for Prohibition will vote for money in his own pocket.

THE Y M C A of Williamsport celebrated its 23d anniversary last Sunday evening.

Now, quite likely, $75,000 will be appropriated to buy handsome uniforms for the National Guard:

THERE are not as many business failures this year as there were last, and Dun's Commercial Agency reports business better.

IF money is not spent for drink more will be spent for groceries and provisions. This will make a greater demand for the products of the farm.

ISN'T that a smart proceeding on the part of someone—to attempt the impeachment of Judge Harry White because he refused to grant licenses?

SUPERINTENDENT of the census Porter has regularly opened the census bureau. The work for many months to come will be merely preliminary.

ADAM HART, of Clinton township, Lycoming county, celebrated the 101st anniversary of his birth on Monday, He was born May 6, 1788, in Northumberland county.

AN opportunity to do good will be afforded on June 18 such as has not been presented for a long time before and will not be again. It is to vote for the Prohibition Amendment.

MANY men, if unable to spend money for whiskey, will be able to build houses for themselves, which will give work to carpenters and other mechanics and make the community richer.

EX-PRESIDENT CLEVELAND is on record as saying that he will not accept the Democratic nomination as President in 1892. He will probably be the nominee of the Prohibition party.

SAM MORSE, of Essex, Massachusetts, is afflicted with a mania for eating. He can eat anything and everything, and is eating nearly all of the twenty-four hours. In other respects he is said not to be different from the ordinary mortal.

PLEASE give us a rest. We mean in regard to the reports concerning the impaired health of both the president and Mr. Blaine. These gentlemen will both live to give us a wise administration if the murderous crank will keep away from them.

A NEW YORK monumental project is to build in Washington Square a granite or marble copy of the wooden centennial arch which was so much admired, and the sum of $100 has been subscribed. Would it not be better to build the Grant monument and the big cathedral before engaging is new monumental enterprises?

THIS state has another legal holiday —Labor Day, September one. We are in favor of plenty of holidays, but our experience is the effect that the only individuals who take advantage of any of them are the bankers. So what doth it profit a man though all the year be holidays and the average worker taketh none of them?

THE Lick Observatory has discovered the error of the alleged German discovery of a change in the rings of Saturn. There has been no such change. Nor is there a white region, about the alleged discovery set forth near the place where the shadow of the planet falls on the rings. The Lick instrument is doing much useful work.

GEN. SHERMAN'S praise of the Pennsylvania militia comes from the most competent as well as the sharpest of military critics. The occasion of the New York parade was not, however, the first time that he has extolled the soldier-like qualities of the Keystone troops. Whenever General Sherman has seen them on parade he has always expressed his high admiration of their training, discipline and bearin .

Why a Farmer Believes Prohibition Will Win.

STATE COLLEGE, May 4, 1889.

To the Editor: You ask for temperance news from our country people, particularly of the situation in regard to the election soon to take place and the division of the vote on the Constitutionel Amendment. My conclusion—from what I hear of farmers and others giving their opinion and advice on this important subject—is that it is going to *win* in College township and I think in the State. The managers of the campaign must go ahead in earnest work, distributing good canvassing documents and their speakers delivering good, sound arguments to remind us of the necessity of all working together, as the liquor men are, in so important a cause to make it a success in the Keystone State. The issueis for the best possible object—if lost, bad liquor will be used as a beverage and men will be made drunk; if won men will be made sober. It is plain to see that it is the duty of good citizens to vote for the Amendment. Let us remove the temptation by putting down the liquor traffic. It is in the public bar rooms and saloons where the habit of social drinking is most generally acquired by the young generation. We know this from experience and we can now write of it for the benefit of the coming young men. They know the temptation of those social meetings and of the fashionable habit of treating.

Although so many young men are poisoned and ruined, the temptation is still held out, and the desire of the boys to be agreeable makes them too cowardly to decline. But I will not go into particulars. It is not necessary to expatiate on this to intelligent people. All—rich and poor, laboring men and professional—are sufficiently familiar with these experiences to know their truth. All know very well the temptation and vice of the liquor saloon and the deadly poison of the drugged whiskey of these days, which is sold to young and old for the purpose of making money. How sad that the practice is sanctioned by law!

We have a powerful enemy to fight and conquer in June, and it is time to awaken to a sense of the duty we owe to our country, our God and all that is dear to our hearts. Let all who are opposed to the sale of intoxicating drinks as a beverage buckle on their armor and with courage move against the mighty foe—which destroys the homes of the poor and weak and the rich and strong—all yield to the same temptation. The influence of the temptation over the drinker is wonderful, and if it is removed from Pennsylvania joy will come not only to this State, but throughout the United States.

The ladies are the most prominent in the cause. Apparently, many lawyers and business men did not know there was a temperance meeting in your town the other evening. Some were there, of course, but not many. I met some who say they would be in in favor of reimbursing the liquor men for damages sustained. I tell them that this may be done, at least in part. I quote to them Mr. Lincoln's reply to Mr. Greeley, who charged him with being remiss in enforcing the laws. Mr. Lincoln replied positively: "I would save the Union, save it the shortest way under the Constitution;" and further added: "If I could save the Union without freeing the slaves I would do it, and if I could save the Union by freeing the slaves I would do it." The Southern slave owner had to make much more of a sacrifice than will be asked of the manufacturer or seller of spiritous liquor. The two businesses —slavery and dealing in alcohol as a beverage—are alike. It may be pleasant to the taste, but "it biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder." The wise man will not "look on it when it is red." The temptation against which Scripture warns us I warm you.

JOHN I. FOSTER.

GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN says he is not fasting for the purpose of dying, but to enable him to live. He believes a great pestilence is coming on the earth, and if he gets rid of superfluous flesh he will survive the pestilence. On last Friday he had been without food (except water and a little lemonade) fifteen days, and then he said he did not know how long he would continue to fast; he might begin eating the next day or he might fast one hundred days.

THE PERSONAL LIBERTY ISSUE.

By P. V. NASBY (D. R. LOCKE.)

In every contest in which a great moral question is involved, it seems to be a favorite method of the party which has the weaker side of the abstract question itself, to confuse the minds of the masses by placing the issue in a false light. The cuttle-fish on being attacked ejects the contents of its ink-bag, thus beclouding the waters and rendering escape possible. The cry of "personal liberty" is as useful to the supporters of the rum traffic as is the bag of ink to the cuttle-fish. It serves to darken the real point of attack, and confuse public opinion.

It is a question involved in this issue of "personal liberty," whether a man is not a public enemy who keeps open, day and night, a resort which becomes the gathering-place for the vicious and dangerous elements of society, whose sole occupation it is to sell to them, as long as they can beg, borrow, or steal the money, his vile decoctions, which cannot fail to render these persons still more vicious and dangerous to the peace and welfare of the community. The question comes up whether the community has not a right to guard itself against such a manifest danger.

When the question of personal liberty comes up, the point to be considered is not the liberty of the one man to drink and of the others to sell, but the right of these men to bring misery upon others. In this case, as in all others, the duty of the State is to so legislate as to do the greatest good to the greatest number.

Now, the only men who are benefited by the rum traffic are the dealers and manufacturers; the drinker is ruined in mind, body, and soul, and his family is reduced to penury and want. For every rum-seller there are at least one hundred drinkers: and it is certainly a low estimate to say that each drinker has an influence upon the lives of at least two other persons—it may be wife and child, it may be a dependent father and mother, it may be a sister or younger brother. From this it seems that while the rum traffic is a profit to one person, viz., the saloonist, it injures three hundred other people. What shall our lawmakers do—legislate in favor of the one, or in favor of the three hundred?

The "personal liberty" cry is the mere resource of the demagogue. It is his intention merely to confuse the real issue in the minds of the voting population. The highest liberty is the liberty of doing right. The rum traffic is all wrong. There is not one shadow of real excuse for its existence. It is a traffic which depends entirely upon the frailties and follies of humanity. It is evil in itself, and its results are evil. There is but one thing to do with it, and that is to crush it out. Let not the senseless iteration of the "personal liberty" plea, or of any other makeshift argument, deter any honest citizen from aiding with both voice and vote to

Pulverize the Rum Power.

Two cents or One cent?

There is no use in insisting upon one cent postage unless the Postal Department can, with it, be maintained self-supporting. If it can, one cent postage is to be desired. It is however, undesirable to make any reduction at the expense of any great or material reduction in revenue. Two cent postage is not regarded as a burden upon the people. They are quite willing to continue it and do not give two thoughts to the matter when they buy a two cent stamp.

However, if in a year or two the quantity of mail matter would increase sufficiently to assume that one cent postage would yield the requisite revenue there need be no hesitancy in making the reduction. Indeed, in that event, it would be demanded. Let us hear from those acquainted with the figures as to the conditions and the probabilities under a reduction. While they cannot state certainly as to what would be the result, they are at least in better position to judge than are others.

Shall we have one cent postage?

THERE are fifty prisoners in the Huntingdon Reformatory at the present time, not one of whom is from Centre county. One is 15 years old, six 10 years, five 17 years, nine 18 years, twelve 19 years, five 20, four 21 years, two 22 years, five 23 years, and one 24 years. Forty-nine are single and one married. Five have never attended school, while forty-five have educational advantages. Forty-two were born in Pennsylvania, one in Illinois, one in New York, one in Virginia, one North Carolina, two in Ohio, one in Italy and one in England.

HAMPTON, VIRGINIA.

How the old Vets Celebrated the 100th Anniversary of the Inauguration of President Washington. Plenty of cheap fresh Fish and Beautiful Surroundings.

Special to the Fountain.

NATIONAL SOLDIERS HOME, HAMPTON, VA., MAY 1ST, 1889,

COL. D S DUNHAM, Dear sir: We celebrated here on the 30th ult. by furnishing each Post, G. A. R. separately, then our Firemen and engine and Hook and Ladder companies and then home companies in platoons of H., commanded by Maj. William Thompson, treasurer and acting Governor, our Governor being unable to leave his carriage on account of illness. We formed in the following order: The band in front, firemen next, Hook and Ladder company, Post 3, G A R and Post 16 G. A. R. both posts with full ranks. The line then marched out of the Home to Normal school grounds, in Hampton, where the pupils of the school were drawn up in line to receive us, accompanied by their own band and officers, and whilst we were at parade rest the whole command was photographed, after which we returned to camp and at 12 m. fired the national salute. The salute was perfect and evidenced the fact that the old vets had not forgotten how to load and fire by time. The parade was then dismissed for dinner.

In the afternoon there was a bicycle race and a game of base ball which the undersigned was too ill to attend. The weather was beautiful all day.

All kinds of fine fresh fish are plenty and cheap here, sturgeon selling for six cents per pound. Speak, comrade, and you shall have some as soon as I recover from my illness. The prayer of our comrades here is may God bless our President and family and our whole Nation. Yours in F., L. and T.

ELLIS D. SNYDER.

MORE OPINIONS FAVORABLE TO FREE SCHOOL BOOKS.

The *Workman* printed at Coudersport Pa., takes up the Free School Book question, of which this paper and the Hon. T. P. Rynder were the pioneer agitators, and gives it the following helpful lift:

"Americans are becoming noted for their patient submission to barefaced robbery. Rather than "raise a fuss" they put up with a great deal. Some years ago, down in Massachusetts, the people were imposed upon and robbed by British autocrats, something in the same manner that Pennsylvanians are now robbed and imposed upon by the autocrats of the school book trust, as slick a lot of soulless, concience-less rascals as were ever led by Dick Turpin on the highway of Hounslow Heath. After awhile the proverbial patience of our forefathers gave out. They had submitted to tyranny as long as they could bear it. One fine morning they marched quietly down to Boston Harbor, threw the tyrants' tea into the bay and that settled it. The farmers and all honest men here in Pennsylvania, after years of patient submission to the rule of the most scoundrelly autocracy any supposed-to-be free people have ever seen, have at length concluded to march hereafter in solid phalanx, and at the polls in this State some fine day, toss overboard the school book thieves, send back to their disgraced homes the robber legislators who have been doing their dirty work, and elect honest men to take their places. That is how the question will be settled. And the day of its settlement, thank God! is close at hand."

After quoting many extracts on the subject, the *Forest Republican* of Tionesta, thus expresses its own convictions: "We publish to-day a number of extracts, gathered from different sources, heartily endorsing the work of Hon. Theo. P. Rynder in behalf of the free school book idea in this State. The time is coming, and that very rapidly, when the system will be in vogue in Pennsylvania as it should be. The great saving to parents and patrons which it would bring about can easily be calculated by anyone who will give the subject a moment's thought. When compared with their actual cost the price of school books is exorbitant, and this great expense is one of the greatest hinderances to the education of poor children. Give us free school books."

A wonderful turtle has been captured down in Georgia. Its head was as large as a dog's and when cut off snapped in two an inch plank which had been placed in its mouth. Its shell measured 28x18 inches and will hold nearly a bushel.

THE NEED OF THE HOUR.

Is for some one who is influential and eloquent enough to avert an impending calamity.

What is the calamity?

It is the revolution which will follow the past, present and probable future oppression imposed upon the laborer. For that such a revolution must come is as certain as that oppression has been, is being and will be practiced. The worthy and well-disposed laborer can bear a great deal, but it is beyond human reason that he shall calmly submit to everything. It is in the power of those who have the shaping of events to prevent such imposition and it rests with them whether they will rise to the dignity of their position.

Laborers must receive enough to support themselves. This is their right, and a right which there is a moral obligation to insist upon. In a shameful number of instances they are not receiving such compensation. It can be safely said that no man with a dependent family can live on less than $1,50 per day, yet many in this county are receiving less than $1. When labor is not sufficiently recompensed life becomes a burden: It is not so des gned to be by a just Creator. It is a just injunction that man is to li e by the sweat of his brow, but it is man's unjust management which ordains that he is to sweat and not live, merely exist

He who would attribute this to party is a fool or a demagogue and should be feared. It is the selfishness and grasping greed of man which produces this condition, and if continued will bring calamity. Such measures as a Protective Tariff and the Abolition of the Liquor Traffic can help the oppressed laborer, but they cannot of themselves remove this oppression so long as the powers that be desire by the manipulation of affairs to continue it.

Then the need of the hour is for an individual who can see the oppressive moves that are being made by this stupendous Trust of Capitalists and Legislators combined and, seeing them, can point them out to his oppressed fellowmen and compell the oppressors to take opposite and just action. It is a man who can see clearly to devise measures which will return capital and labor to their old-time position as twin helpmates. Every true man and every lover of his country should earnestly desire this sort of a statesman to come forward.

Who will be the Moses, not to lead his fellowmen to a promised land, because this is the best land on the globe, but to see to it that a correct, just and equal system of government shall prevail; to see to it that no man, by right of his superior mind, money or position, shall be allowed to take advantage of and oppress his fellow?

—The Philadelphia *Times* on Saturday departed from the independent position which it had assumed in regard to the prohibition question, and, instead of publishing letters from the people on this subject, printed an entire page prepared by its editors and also a leading editorial designed especially to misrepresent the subject. But it was a wretched attempt and really there is not a line of strong argument in the entire seven or eight columns of stuff. The *Times* is always on the boodle side of every argument, but it is also on the losing side. Results are always opposite from those which it strives to accomplish. So, while we are sorry to see the *Times* pursue such a vacillating and cowardly course, we are glad that it is opposing the Amendment as it adds another assurance that the Amendment will carry. The more we read the weak, watery and futile arguments of the liquor people the more we are confident that the average voter will see their absurdity and will, from very disgust with such trash, vote for the Amendment. We shall not be surprised to see the Amendment carried by a majority of 150,000.

The bill requiring street railway companies in towns of 25,000 inhabitants or over to furnish 25 rides for $1 has been passed to a third reading in the Illinois Legislature. It applies almost exclusively to Chicago.

A mathematician has figured that a man 50 years old has spent three years in buttoning his collar. But he neglects to state that the same man has spent 39 years in hunting for his collar button.

OXMOOR, Ala., has a curiosity in the shape of a petrified pine stump, weighing about 300 pounds.

GENERAL NOTES.

Italy licenses her beggars.

A Frenchman makes pulp from forest leaves.

A pocket typewriter weighs four ounces.

Savannah is said to be flooded with counterfeit silver dollars.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has 89,369 persons in its employ.

One-third of all the zinc made in Europe is manufactured in Belgium.

Eleven sea lions were caught at one time last week in a fishtrap at Portland, Ore.

Two French and one American elevator will be used in the Eiffel Tower at the Paris Exposition.

An enterprising citizen of Johnstown N. J., is applying for a pension, a divorce and a post-office.

The City of Rome consumes an average of 300 tons of coal a day in crossing the ocean at top speed.

A Mrs. Wiant, of Mad River township Ohio, retired with good sight and awoke next morning totally blind.

A Polish writer of stories has lately received an envelope containing $10,000 "from an admiring reader."

John Cole, of Lapeer township, Michigan, has a hen which makes a regular thing of laying 6x8½ inch eggs.

A popular St. Louis girl recently received during a short spell of sickness 500 roses and 48 pounds of candy.

A young doctor in Camden, N. J., is courting an undertaker's daughter. It will be a good thing for the undertaker.

It is estimated that Americans will spend $40,000,000 in Europe this season of which probably $20,000,000 will go for tips.

Constable Ike Smith, of Birmingham, Ala., has a cat which has developed maternal affection for a litter of orphaned puppies.

About the only rail fence in Cleveland, curious to say, is in the most aristocratic portion of the city, on Euclid avenue, near Case.

Levi Johnson, an 80-year-old resident of Boston, Ga., who has been blind for 15 years, suddenly received his sight the other day.

An old man from North Carolina went to Plymouth church last Sunday to hear Henry Ward Beecher. He hadn't heard of his death.

Fifty-two chicks from 59 eggs is a record that a Lenawee county, Michigan, man proudly presents in behalf of one of his hatching hens.

A Milwaukee man has designed an apparatus by which he claims that water may be successfully burned in a cook stove or ordinary heater.

A cabbage stalk 20 feet high was on exhibition at the Florida Sub-Tropical Exposition. It is the tallest one ever seen in the United States.

A correspondent from Guthrie City, Oklahoma, states that fully 10,000 shots are fired daily in that new town without anybody getting hurt.

Henry Kellogg, of New Haven, has invented a substance which he calls Kelgum, and for which he claims that it is a perfect substitute for rubber.

At a wedding in Saline county, Kansas, last week, the groom charged the guests 50 cents each for supper and sold them popcorn at 5 cents a package.

The first thing George Sheldon, of Indiana, did when he got a legacy of $20,000, was to buy $18,000 worth of diamonds and a thousand dollar team.

A New York paper says: One of the most suggestive incidents in the great military parade was the cheering called out by the playing of Dixie by the Southern bands.

A New Englander, after returning home from attending a horse suffering with variola, kissed his children, and in a short time every one of the youngsters was down with the disease.

A man who was arrested in North Carolina for stealing another man's wife was discharged on the ground that, as a woman is not personal property, she cannot be the subject of larceny.

There are more paper mills running more machines in the United States than in any other country in the world. Germany has nearly as many, but no other country has half as many.

Three times as much coal as ever before was imported into St. Petersburg last year, and a Russian Government commission is investigating the Russian mines to find out what ails them.

Several Caro (Mich.) gentlemen recently saw a large rat carry a hen's egg on its back. They saw that it twisted its tail around the egg and carried it safely until it was hit with a stone.

It is estimated that 66 per cent of the anthracite coal is wasted before it gets to market. Fifty five per cent has to be left in the mines for pillars, and 11 per cent is lost after it gets above ground.

A paper contains the following in an advertisement: "Coffins and Caskets. I will sell 20 per cent Cheaper than any other Party. Ladies and Gentlemen Laid Out at any hour of the Night or Day."

Woman flogging exists as a punishment in the Transvaal. All the South African press is violently opposed to it, but only recently a woman was sentenced to receive 15 lashes for using obscene language.

Poetry.

UNTO THE LEAST OF THESE LITTLE ONES.

I.

O children's eyes unchildlike! Children's eyes
That make pure, hallowed age seem young indeed—
Wan eyes that on drear horrors daily feed;
Learned deep in all that leaves us most unwise!
Poor wells, beneath whose troubled depths Truth lies,
Drowned, drowned, alas! So does my sad heart bleed
When I remember you; so does it plead
And strive within my breast—as one who cries
The torture of her first-born—that the day,
The long bright day, seems thicker sown for me
With eyes of children than the heavens at night
With stars on stars. To watch you is to pray
That you may some day see as children see
When man, like God, hath said, "Let there be light."

II.

Dear Christ, thou hadst thy childhood ere Thy cross
These, bearing first their cross, no chilhood know,
But, aged with toil, through countless horrors grow
To age more horrible. Rough locks atoss
Above drink-reddened eyes, like Southern moss
That drops its tangles to the marsh below;
No standard dream or real by which to show
The piteous completeness of their loss,
No rest, no hope, no Christ; the cross alone
Born on their backs by day, their beds by night,
Their ghastly plaything when they pause to weep,
Their threat of torture do they dare to moan;
A darkness ever dark across their light,
A weight that makes a waking of their sleep.

III.

Father, who countest such poor birds as fall,
Count thou these children fallen from their place;
Lift and console them of Thy pity's grace,
And teach them that to suffer is not all:
Hedge them about with love as with a wall,
Give them in dreams the knowledge of thy face,
And wipe away such stains as sin doth trace,
Sending deliverance when brave souls call.
Deliver them, O Lord, deliver them!—
These children—as thy Son was once a child!
Make them even purer than before they fell,
Radiant in raiment clean from throat to hem;
For, Lord, till thou hast cleansed these sin-defiled,
Of such the kingdom, not of heaven, but hell.

Our Story Teller

THE LITTLE STAR.

They all called her 'The Little Star.' One cold, stormy winter evening when Jack Dawson came down from his mine he found a little girl sitting by the door of his cabin shiver ng with cold and crying piteously. She was but a mite of humanity, and all she could tell of herself was that a woman had brought her a long way and had left her there to wait till she came back.

The miner was a rough, drinking, quarrelsome character, but there was in his heart a spot for the weak and suffering, so he took the little child into his cabin and fed and warmed her.

As day after day passed, and weeks slipped into months, and no one came for the child, Jack began to form a strong attachment for her, and as he was always kind and gentle with her she grew to love him as a father. There were no other children in the camp, and the rough men all loved the 'Little Star,' and would do anything to please her.

Two years passed away, and it came winter again, and a terrible storm set in. For days the snow fell, and the winds caught it up and drifted it into great heaps along the foothills and filled the gorges and passes. The miners were driven out of the mines and drifts, and the small camp became unusually noisy and boisterous, and day and night the saloon was filled with a drinking, quarrelsome crowd who spent the hours in wild carousals. Often the quiet of night was disturbed by the loud cursing and wrangling of the men as they disputed over a game of cards, and sometimes the cracking of pistols was followed by agonizing shrieks or dying groans of the poor, luckless victims.

One evening Jack Dawson and some more of them got into a quarrel over a game, and from words they came to blows, and in a little while pistols were drawn and shots exchanged promiscuously. Just at that moment the 'Little Star' came in search of Jack, and one of the balls, missing its aim, sped on and found a lodgment in the breast of the child. Above the din and noise there went up a piercing scream, and they looked around in time to see the small figure waver for just one moment, then reel and fall to the floor. In an instant there was a hush, and a deathlike stillness reigned.

'My God, it is the Little Star, and we have killed her,' and Jack dropped on his knees at her side and called her name over and over and plead with her to open her eyes and speak. Past differences were forgotten and the men gathered around and looked with sad eyes and blanched faces on the little form so white and still. Then some of them brought blankets and made a bed on the bar, and they took her up gently and laid her on it. For a long time she lay quite still and a faint smile played over her lips.

Then the doctor came, but after he had seen the wound he shook his head sadly, saying:

'It is a bad shot, and she can not last long. She is going now.'

'Don't say that!' Jack cried, starting up. 'You must not let her die. You must save her. See how quietly she sleeps. My Little Star, wake up and tell us that you are going to live.'

Slowly she opened her eyes and looked around till they rested on Jack, and then as a bright light spread over her face she reached out her hand to him. He bent down close to her and in a voice low and husky, asked:

'What is it, Star?'

Once or twice her lips moved, but no sound came from them.

'Give her some water,' the doctor said, and they wet her parched lips, and for a little while she revived.

'You are not hurt she asked?' eagerly' as she held Jack's hand in her own tender ones.

'No,' Jack said, 'but you are, and I wish it was me instead of you.'

'I am glad,' she went on, 'for I was afraid they would hurt you, and I came to take you away.'

'I wished you hadn't come.'

That was all Jack could say, for his voice grew thick and husky and his heart was heavy.

'You have been good to me,' she continued, 'and I couldn't think of your getting hurt. I love—you—and—I—wanted—to serve—you.'

The lips ceased to move, and the tired eyes closed. The little hands lay folded on her breast and the lips parted in a sweet satisfied smile.

'She is dreaming,' some one said.

'May be she is seeing the angels the preacher was telling about up at the cabin last Sunday,' another remarked softly. Mother used to talk about them in the happy old days back there in the East, but it's been so long ago that I'd forgotten about it till the preacher brought it all back to me. I expect Liftle Star is seeing the angels now, and they may be coming to take her away.'

Nobody replied a word, but there were eyes and cheeks moist with tears, as the men stood gazing silently on the dying child and recalling incidents of innocent, happy childhood.

'Boys,' Jack spoke in a voice strangely soft, 'she's been an angel lent to us for a little while, and now she's going to her beautiful home. This is no fit place for such as she is, and she'll be happier and better off up there. But bad as I am, boys, I loved the child as fondly as ever a parent loved his own flesh and blood, and it is hard to have her go this way.'

The eyes opened again and the little hand reached out to Jack.

'I am going away directly,' she said, to that beautiful place the preacher told about. I see the angels coming, and they are so bright and fair. I hear them singing such beautiful songs. Can you see them all so happy and bright? Listen, they are coming nearer, and the singing grows plainer and sweeter. It is so glorious and grand. See how clear and warm the sun is shining.

'The clouds and the darkness are all gone away and the sunlight is falling on the curtains and in the valleys. See how it lights up the land where the angels come from. It is a pretty place and I shall be so happy there, with the flowers all in bloom and the fields and pastures so green and cool, and a beautiful river of clear, sparkling water flowing through the valleys. They used to sing about it up at the cabin on Sundays. Listen, the angels are singing about it now.'

For a moment she remained in a listening attitude, then in a voice weak and wavering she joined the angels in singing:

No night in that beautiful home,
No shade on its glory is seen,
The wonderful river of water of life
Flows soft through the meadows of green."

Her voice grew weaker and fainter as she approached the end, and the last words were scarcely above a whisper.

'I am too tired to sing now,' she said, and for a little while she lay still, The men thought the end had come, but after awhile she opened her eyes once more, and drawing Jack closer, she said:

'It is a bright place, and there are so many happy people there. I see your mother there, and I know it is her, for it looks so much like the little picture you used to show me, only her face is fairer and happier now. You—must—be—good—and—never—forget—your—Little—Star.' Good-bye—good—'

The eyes closed, the lips ceased to move, and they knew that the Little Star had fallen asleep never more to wake in this life.

It was a long time before any one spoke or moved, and as the men gazed on the still form, there came trooping up out of the shadow of the past pictures of homes away back in the East with the loved ones there—the patient, kind old mothers, the loving wives and the innocent, happy children whom they had not seen for so long, and they wondered if they were all living still, or if the good angels had come to bear some of them away to that beautiful home Little Star had talked about.

They buried the Little Star under the pines down by the river's edge where the wild flowers bloomed and where the birds came every summer day to carol their songs. The miners followed her to the grave, and never did the dead have truer, quieter mourners then they were.

Jack went away, and it was years before they heard of him again, and then they learned that he was living a quiet, sober life. They said it was the Little Star who led him to it, and they were right.

Grandmamma had been explaining to the little girl how our earth is kept from flying off into infinite space by the attraction of the sun, which is constantly trying to draw the earth toward itself, while the latter always keeps its distance. 'Grandma,' said the little girl, 'I should think the sun would get discouraged after awhile and let it go.'

In Icy Greenland.

From Pittsburg Despatch of Tuesday, April 26.

Miss Olof Krarer, the lady Esquimaux, lectured last night in the M. E. Church at Bellevue, on "Greenland or Life in the Frozen North," for the benefit of the Avalon Y W C T U. Miss Krarer is a typical Esquimaux, 3 feet 4 inches in height and weighs 130 pounds. While delivering part of her lecture she attired herself in a costume made of furs. The arms, legs, body, hood, etc., were one piece. During the lecture Miss Krarer sang several songs in the Esquimaux tongue, which greatly amused the audience.

The talk was mainly about the habits and life of the Esquimaux. Miss Krarer has been in this country about seven years and talks broken English. She began by saying that she left Greenland about 16 years ago to go on a journey. The boat upon which she was a passenger was shipwrecked in the ice and the party had to put in to Iceland. She found that country so much superior to Greenland that she decided to remain there. She did not like the idea of living in a snow house, which she said were the only places of habitation in Greenland. She stated the houses were constructed by cutting blocks of ice with spears made from the tusks of the walrus, and putting the blocks together. All the cracks were stopped up with snow. Two or three layers of fur are laid on the floor in place of a carpet. A small hole 1½ feet high is left in the side of the house for a door. On the latter is placed a piece of fur to keep out the wind. The door is so narrow that if a person going out would meet one coming into the house one of them would have to back to allow the other to pass. The people

VERY RARELY, HAVE A FIRE.

When they do they make it from mall cones and dried, lean reindeer meat, torn into shreds. By the use of a flint and the tusk of a walrus, a spark was dropped on the meat, and the fire kindled. Pieces of fat meat were thrown on to make the fire blaze.

The only form of amusement the Esquimaux women have, she said, was to sit on the cold floor and guess who was the prettiest among them.

The men and women both grease their faces, arms, and legs and think no more of putting the dirty walrus grease on their faces "than the women of Pittsburg do, painting and powdering their cheeks." The people there never comb their hair for the reason that they have no combs. The men wear long beards and hair because they have no way of shaving or cutting their hair. They have no work except that of hunting and fishing, and that is looked upon as an exercise. It took them two months to make the trip from Greenland to Iceland. The women of Greenland are never clean and never tired. They have no house cleaning to do, no washing, ironing and cooking. They have no water there except what is in the ocean. When the people want a drink they dig up a piece of snow and ice and let it melt in their mouths. If they had any water they could not use it, because they have no vessels to haul it in. They have no implements to work with except bones. They get a piece of raw meat and blubber and rub it all over their faces and hands and feel refreshed afterward. They are the most contented and peaceable people in the world. They have no money, no property, and everybody is the same summer and winter. There are no rich or no poor.

Miss Krarer said that if she went home and told her people the way the people of the United States lived they would not believe her. The women never visit like they do in this country. They hardly ever go together for the reason there is nothing to buy and nothing to sell.

When a young man wants to see a girl, and wishes to afterward marry her he applies to her mother for the loan of a piece of flint or something. Very often the mother has nothing to loan the young man, and she generally says "You want my daughter." The young man becomes scared and runs away to return at some future date and

STEAL HIS SWEETHEART

away from her home. The people of the Northern country only see the sun four months in the year. The other months, if they have no fire, they sit in the darkness.

Their ideas about good and wrong doing are peculiar. They imagine that when they die, if they have been good, they will go to a place that is comfortable and warm. If they have not been good they will go to a place where it is colder than the country where they live. This makes them lead good lives. The lecturer said that if the people imagined Hades, or the bad place, was hot, they would immediately become bad for the sake of getting to a hot country, when they died. They have a vague understanding about a bad spirit and are mortally afraid of him. They do not tell any lies, nor do they say bad things about their neighbors.

The clothes of the people are the same. All of them are made of fur, sewed together with a thread, composed of the sinew of the reindeer. In reply to a question Miss Krarer said the people did not sleep all the time it was dark, but when they got tired sleeping they got up and talked. After talking awhile they would sleep again. To another question she said that when one of them is dying the neighbors come in, gather around the deathbed and sing of the good spirit.

She said there never had been a missionary among the people of Eastern Greenland, but there were a few in the Western part of the country, where hot streams made the climate warmer. It snows in the country three times each year, about two or three days at a stretch.

There are two churches in Iceland, one a Roman Catholic and the other a Lutheran church. Everybody in that country goes to services, and the people mostly speak English. Miss Krarer went into Manitoba from Iceland. From there she gradually drifted into Dakota and Minnesota, as she grew acclimated to the change in the atmosphere.

Little Alice: 'And did Solomon know more than anybody who was ever in the world, papa?' Papa (thoughtfully): 'Well, I guess he knew more than anybody I ever met, except, perhaps, your sixteen-year-old brother Jack.'

Polite clerk [showing goods]: 'Here is something I would like to call your attention to, lady. It's the very latest thing out.' Mrs. Rounder [absently]: 'If there's anything out later than my husband I'll take it, if only for a curiosity.'

About the worst possible advertisement is that of the fire-escape manufacturer who hired a man to give public exhibitions of his device. The man fell at the Ryan Hotel. St. Paul, yesterday, breaking his contract and both of his legs.

If it's a fair question, what does it cost to board a train?

The greatest weather profit of this season is the money saved by young men who didn't go sleigh-riding.

"I have been in a country," said a Nebraska preacher, "where the hand of man has never set a foot."

Stamp Clerk (at postoffice window) 'You'll have to pay letter postage on this package. It's first-class matter.' Persevering author (about to send his manuscript on its seventh trial-trip): 'Ah, thank you! Couldn't you get a position as editor somewhere?'

Teacher (geography class): 'Very good. Now, children, to-morrow you must all bring small bottles of sweet oil with you.' Head girl: 'What are they for?' 'To lubricate your jaws, my dear. We are to begin on the lakes of Maine.'

The Boston *Herald* thinks that when the merchant of that city can call up and converse with the merchant of San Francisco or St. Paul as readily as he can telephone his neighbor in the next street, "then a trade gain will have been secured, the value of which, both social, political and industrial, it would be difficult to overestimate."

How fond the Democrats are of attributing the evil consequences of their own Administration to the Republicans. However, if Cleveland had not been elected President in 1884 there would have been an uninterrupted period of prosperity.

THE attractions of Oklahoma as an Eldorado have fallen 50 per cent.

IN SOCIETY.—Fannie: "Did you see in the paper, Hattie, that Mr. Cologne had married?" Hattie: "No; Which one? What was his first name?" Fannie: "I'm not sure, but I suppose it must have been Oh, Dick." Hattie (after seven minutes' profound study): "Rats!"

The South made 200,000 tons more pig iron in 1888 than in 1887, and every ton was a solid argument for protection.

GEORGE B. DAUGHERTY, of Renovo, a brakeman on the Philadelphia and Erie railroad, fell beneath the cars near that place, Thursday night, and was cut and mangled into a shapeless mass.

Prof. David Swing told us the other day that he understood that President Harrison intended to make a journey to New York in George Washington's carriage. 'And I've been wondering,' continued the Professor, 'whether this vehicle was the hack which George took at the famous cherry tree.'

A SURVEY is being made for a new railroad from Smoky Run on the Philipsburg and Moshannon branch at Utahville, a distance of six miles. One has also been made from Madara to Irvona, a distance of nine miles.

"What's the reason you don't start your raft? Are you waiting for more water?" asked a native of the Ancient Citizen. "Yes, that's what we rafter," said the latter.

Miss Belle (warningly): "Sally, they used to tell me when I was a little girl that if I did not let coffee alone it would make me foolish." Sally (who owes her one): "Well, why didn't you?"

THE ACT OF BREATHING.

The Quantity of Air That is required by the Lungs.

From the American Analyst.

The following anatomical and physiological memoranda will be of interest to our readers and serve a useful purpose as a matter of reference: "In each respiration an adult inhales one pint of air. Man respires sixteen to twenty times a minute, or 20,000 times a day; a child, twenty-five to thirty-five times a minute. While standing the adult respiration is twenty-two, while lying thirteen. The superficial surface of the lungs, *i. e.*, of their alveolar space is 200 square yards. The amount of air inspired in twenty-four hours is about 10,000 quarts." "The amount of oxygen absorbed in twenty-four hours is 500 litres. (744 grams), and the amount of carbonic acid expired in the same time 400 litres (911.5 grams). Two-thirds of the oxygen absorbed in twenty-four hours is absorbed during the night hours, from 6 P. M. to 6 A. M. Three-fifths of the total CO is thrown off in the day time. The pulmonary surface gives off 150 grams of water daily in the shape of vapor. An adult must have at least 360 litres of air in an hour. The heart sends through the lungs 800 quarts of blood hourly and 5000 gallons daily. The duration of inspiration is five-twelfts of inspiration seven twelfths of the whole respiratory act. During sleep inspiration occupies ten-twelfths of the respiratory period.

The Last of the Buffalo.

Franklin Sutterthwaite in Harper's.

At the present time, outside of the National Park, where about 260 buffaloes are now harbored, there are not over 300, probably not as many, left in the whole United States. The survivors of this magnificent race of animals are scattered in little bunches in several localities. There are about 100 in Montana, or at least there were a year ago, some at the head of Dry Creek, and the remainder at the head of Porcupine Creek. In Wyoming there are a few stragglers from the National Park, which, when chased, run back there for protection. In the mountains of Colorado last summer there were two bunches of mountain bison, one of twenty-five head and the other of eleven. These have probably been killed. There are none in Dakota, though eighteen months ago thirty were known to be there. It is estimated in 1887 that there were twenty-seven in Nebraska, and about fifty more scattered in the Western part of Indian Territory and Kansas. Those in Nebraska have since been killed by the Sioux. Of the thousands that once inhabited Texas, only two small bunches remain. Thirty-two head are near the Ratons, in the Northwestern part of the Panhandle and eight in the sand hills on the Staked Plains North of the Pecos River. These were seen and counted on the first of April last year. This estimate of a great race is believed to be essentially correct. It was obtained from reliable and well informed persons throughout the West, and in part from personal observation during the past year.

Billy Who Sat on a Pin.

How dear to my heart is the school I attended, and how I remember so distant and dim, that red-headed Bill and the pin that I bended, and carefully put on the bench under him. And how I recall the surprise of the master, when Bill gave a yell and sprang up from the pin, so high that his bullet-head smashed up the plaster above, and the scholars all set up a din. That active boy, Billy, that high-jumping Billy; that loud-shouting Billy, who sat on a pin.

The Landlady Scores One.

"What is so rare as a day in June?" suddenly inquired young Mr. Jobbles at the dinner table.

"It can't be this steak," muttered Wobbles, with low-toned sarcasm.

"Perhaps it is pay-day with some people," said the landlady, returning the startled look of Wobbles with a stony glare.

Schoolmaster's Wife: 'If your sister comes to-morrow with her children, and remains with us a few days, we shall have to fry lots of pancakes, and we have neither eggs nor butter in the house.' Schoolmaster: 'And we are short of money besides. But patience: I have an idea.' [At school]: 'Children, to-morrow I will tell you the beautiful story of Columbus, who discovered America; so each of you will have to bring an egg with you to school If you don't happen to have any eggs in the house, a little butter will do.'

A wagon passed through Kansas City which bore the following words on its canvas cover:

Chintz-Buged in Illinois, Sicloned in Newbraska, White-Capped in Indiana, Bald-Knobbed in Missoury, Prohibited in Kansas.

OKLAHOMY OR BUST.

Now it is the descendants of Pocahontas and John Smith that have been over looked by the Centennial committee. "The Pocahontases" says the *Sun*, "must go with the crowd, in company with the Miles Standishes and Christopher Columbuses." It was said a good while ago that the New York committee would be sure to overlook something or other. But the procession moved.

The largest and most complete line of suitings now on exhibition on our counters that has ever been shown by us. Suits made to order at the lowest prices.
MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

When Booms Stop—Easterner: "I understand the great land boom at Dugout City has collapsed." Westerner: "Yes; no use keepin' it goin' any longer. All the land now is owned by outsiders."

We keep the best goods in the market at the Eureka Grocery Co., store, High St., next door to Post-Office, Bellefonte. People are finding it out, too, for while all other grocers are complaining of dull times our business is gaining every day. Honest dealing ought and we think will pay in the long time and we have always sold and always intend to sell square goods on the square. Come and see us and we will give you the worth of your money.

Something More About Eureka Coffee.

We have had quite an essay on coffee before the public until almost all have read it. We propose to continue the subject and hope all will read and, perchance, be profited thereby, as they certainly will, if they purchase their "Kaughphy" at the Eureka Grocery Co. store, High St. next door to Post Office, Bellefonte, Pa.

The employment of "Kaughphy" as a beverage was introduced from Arabia, in the 16th Century, into Egypt and Constantinople. Leonhard Ranwolf, a German physician, was probably the first to make "Kaughphy" known in Europe, by the account of his travels printed in 1573. Soon after the first introduction of "Kaughphy" "Kaughphy" houses arose almost everywhere. The first in Europe was established in Constantinople in 1551.

In London, the first "Kaughphy"-house was opened in Newman's Court, Cornhill, 1652, by a Greek named Pasquet. This Greek was the servant of an English merchant named Edwards, who brought some "Kaughphy" with him from Smyrna, and whose house, when the fact became known, was so thronged with friends and visitors to taste the new beverage, that to relieve himself from annoyance, Edwards established his servant in a "Kaughphy"-house. The first "Kaughphy"-house in France was opened at Marseilles in 1671, and in 1672 there was one opened in Paris, which soon had several competitors.

The important offices which "Kaughphy" fulfills as a beverage are, to allay the sensation of hunger; to produce an exhilerating and refreshing effect; and, most important of all, to diminish the amount of wear and tear, or waste of the animal frame, which proceeds more or less at every moment. The grounds of "Kaughphy" are very nutritious, from containing so much legumim; and some of the Eastern Nations take advantage of this and use the grounds as well as the infusion. In other respects "Kaughphy" possesses similar properties to Tea.

The easiest way of making "Kaughphy" requiring no special apparatus, and as satisfactory in results perhaps as any—is to put two ounces of ground "Kaughphy" into a small "Kaughphy"-pot, pour over it a pint of boiling water, and allow it to stand closely covered up by the side of the fire (but not to boil) for five minutes. The liquid then to be simply poured off the grounds, or it may be strained through a cloth, and then returned to the "Kaughphy"-pot (previously rinsed out) and warmed again.

Sayre recommended, that before the boiling water is poured in the "Kaughphy"-pot should be set dry upon the fire and the ground "Kaughphy" steamed until it is quite hot, but not in the least burned. In France a pint of boiling milk is added to a pint of "Kaughphy." Those who purchase their "Kaughphy" at the Eureka Grocery Co., store will obtain an article equal to the best that can be obtained anywhere, at the same price. We have "Kaughphy" of every grade, name and quality, known to the trade; and the purchaser, by blending the different qualities of high grade "Kaughphy" can obtain an article which will make a drink equal to the "nectar of the gods;" especially if made with proper care, or the directions as above stated are followed.

Among the "Kaughphies" we may mention, among the higher grades, a fine Java which has been selected with a special care; Old Government Java, a brand known to all lovers of fine "Kaughphy;" Old Mexican, also a fine article; Mocha, a kind of "Kaughphy" also well known, and very excellent to blend with lighter grades; Maricarbo and Golden Lugget, Rio "Kaughphy" of excellent quality. Of the lower grades we have Arbuckles, in black and red letter, Willets, Arriosa, Enida, Bonola, a good article of loose "Kaughphy" at 25 cents a pound, also a ground Kaughphy called the Red Cross, which we sell for 18 cents. This latter however is not a pure article but is adulterated with chicory. We have also everything in the Grocery line. Call and examine our goods.

Eureka Grocery Co.,
Bellefonte,
High St., next door to post-office.

THE CENTENNIAL OF WASHINGTON'S INAUGURATION.

Floating Flags, Brass Bands, Wailing Fifes and Muffled Drums make the 30th of April, 1889, a Memorable Day at Milesburg.

BURIAL OF LIEUTENANT DAVID SWIERS.

EDITOR DAILY NEWS.

The first rays of the morning sun that came over Muncy mountain and lit the Allegheny hill tops beyond caught and kissed the star spangled banner—*the old flag*—that loving old soldiers' hands had run to the mast head of the liberty pole in the centre of the town. A stiff western breeze pointed the flag straight for and carried to New York our greetings for another hundred years of constitutional government. As the rays came down to greet the green of the valleys they found the "flag of heaven" suspended over the streets, fluttering from windows, nailed to porticoes and hung out from the residences and business places all over the old town. Milesburg had put on its patriotic dress, for it had a double duty to perform—to greet the future of our country, and, with aching hearts, with measured step and arms reversed, to the mournful music of wailing fifes and muffled drums, to breathe a requiem at the cemetery, where, surrounded by comrades who had "gone on before," she laid one of her dead heroes within

"the low green tent,
Whose curtain never outward swings."

Milesburg is an old town, and in the way of worldly wealth it is a poor town. There are no great accumulated fortunes within it. It has no palatial residences, no great factories, no great marts of trade, no banks. In a commercial sense it is a slow town. But in another and a better sense it is neither poor nor slow, but it is fast and rich.

Milesburg (which was named for a brave revolutionary soldier, who was also the first mayor of Philadelphia, Colonel Samuel Miles) is both fast and rich in patriotic men. Her sons were workers in the iron mines, the forge and the furnace; and when the lightening had flashed the news of the firing on Sumter the men of Milesburg felt that electric shock and knew that the battle for Freedom, was on, and when the martyred Lincoln's call for defenders came over the wires, Milesburg had already volunteered.

And so she kept on; on land and sea her sons were in the fore-front of the shock of battle; and when the white wings of peace had been folded over the country, and loyalty and liberty had glorified the flag, and the count was made up, it was found that she had the unmatched record of sending more soldiers to the war than her total male population at its beginning. And so it is natural that Milesburg should show her colors on all patriotic occasions. Her heart and veins are full of the blood of patriotism—and blood will tell.

Yet with all this cause for rejoicing Milesburg was sad. The boy hero, David Swiers, who had fought his way from private to officer, lay dead in his coffin—nay, it must have been a casket to hold such a heart—the result of wounds received in battle. Not more truly did any soldier die for his country who fell lifeless on the field of carnage than did David Swiers. He was a brave and true soldier; a dutiful son; a kind and loving husband and father, and an exemplary citizen. He was buried by the Grand Army of the Republic (of which he was a member) with the honors of war, and the great flags at Curtin and Milesburg were dropped to half mast while the solemn ceremonies were taking place.

This is the mortal end of David Swiers. Peace to his ashes. What of his living comrades? More than a hundred of the gray and grizzled veterans gathered at his house and grave. Some of them evidently tread closely on the borders of the great hereafter. Most of them are poor men and their struggle for daily bread is a close and hard one; while the coffers of the government they saved are bursting with the surplus coined evidences of wealth, and the men who stayed at home made great fortunes out of the opportunities made for them by these soldiers.

Standing by the open grave of our dead comrade, looking into the faces of officers and privates, seeing their maimed and suffering bodies, knowing their services and sacrifices, their needs and deservings, and knowing the present ability and future resources of the country we saved, let us vow that no effort of ours, of voice or vote, shall be spared until every man who wore the blue for the country shall be placed on its pension rolls at a rate which will prevent the need of his ever confronting public or private charity for the means of life. We have dealt honestly and liberally and paid premiums to our public creditors. Now let us do bare but simple justice to the soldiers who made all our present national prosperity and future greatness and glory possible.

Very truly yours,
THEODORE P. RYNDER
Milesburg, Pa., May 1st, 1889.

Use the celebrated Jackson flour. For sale by all grocers.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Soldier at Home.

Lines suggested by the burial of Lieut. David Swiers, April 30 1889:

BY MRS. T. P. RYNDER,

Wrapped in the flag he so nobly defended,
Laid to his rest by his comrades in blue;
His a devotion known only to heroes,
His the reward of the brave and the true.

Ah! the shrines that we deck, how they multiply ever
From the army which once shook the earth with its tread.
As the feet that trod out our fair Nation's pollution
Now march but to follow "the comrade that's dead."

Round the camp fire of Heaven they meet in reunion
The "unknown" are there with the "missing" who've come
To join in the peace jubilee everlasting
The war indeed over—the soldier at home.

MILESBURG, Pa., April 30.

RUPTURE CURE GUARANTEED BY J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. Ease at once, no operation or delay from business, attested by thousands of cures after others fail. Advice free, send for circular. 3 14-1y.

THE NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW for April is particularly noteworthy for the timely character of its principal articles. Col. Ingersol takes up the question of Agnosticism, which has been brought into special notice by Prof. Huxley's recent paper in the *Nineteenth Century*, and in his usual brilliant style explains why, in his opinion, the Agnostic's attitude is more reasonable than the Christian's faith. Senator CHACE, of Rhode Island, who has just resigned, discusses Congressional salaries, and contends that Senators and Representatives are sadly underpaid. Another political topic of uppermost interest at present—the question of the surplus and of an extra session of Congress to revise the tariff—is ably handled by Senator ALLISON, of Iowa. The symposium in this number relates to the prevention of collisions at sea, which is the chief subject to be considered at the approaching International Marine Conference; expert opinions are expressed by Captain KENNEDY, late of the "Germanic"; Captain BROOKS, of the "Arizon"; Captain BURTON, of the "Cephalic," and Captain BOYER, of "La Champagne." In a charming article, DION BOUCICAULT tells the story of the writing and production of his first play, "London Assurance." The ever-interesting history of Josephine furnishes a theme for the versatile play of GAIL HAMILTON'S trenchant pen. The Rev. Dr. ABBOTT, editor of the *Christian Union*, points out the differences between the underlying principles and methods of Christianity and those of Socialism. The difficulties in the way of Americans who wish to marry when in foreign countries are set forth in a scholarly paper by the Hon. EUGENE SCHUYLER. YAN PHOU LEE, who was recently graduated at Yale College, makes a strong plea in behalf of the Chinese in America, and Mr GEORGE HAVEN PUTNAM tells of the advantages that would result from International Copyright. An interesting chapter in reference to the assassination of Lincoln, with inside facts regarding Booth, Mrs. Surratt, and others, is narrated by JOHN T. FORD, formerly proprietor of Ford's Theatre, in which the martyred President was shot. Dr. W. S. EARLE describes many of the idiosyncrasies of alcohol, and some entertaining speculations in reference to the probability of navigating the air are furnished by CARL BLISD. In the department of Notes and Comment, "Thought-Transference," "Count Tolstoi and His Critics," "Some Newly-Discovered Heroes," and Geographical Delusions" are among the topics discussed.

THE FOUNTAIN.—Published by W. H. SHELLEY, York, Pa., aims at freshness and originality in all its issues, and the readers of the May number will find this one fully up to the standard. All its departments are ably sustained, as the following list will show:

John Bright; Evenings with Authors—II; Washington's Inauguration; Chaldea and Assyria; The Ear and Sound; The Sun Bird; Odontornithes; Hyacinths; California Honey Dews; The Koran: Chance, a Century and Contemporaries; The Coliseum; Harrarden; Choice Selections; Memory Gems; The Decimal System; Jamie's Brothers; Down by the Meadow; An Unlucky Ride; Mouse Brownie, Child Work, or Kindergarten Occupation for Primary Schools; Music; Literary Social, etc. Single subscriptions, per year (10 months,) $1.00; Sample copies, 10 cents.

Eupepsy.

This is what you ought to have, in fact, you must have it to fully enjoy life. Thousands are searching for it daily, and mourning because they find it not. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are spent by our people in the hope that they may attain this boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitters, if used according to directions and the use persisted in, will bring you Good Digestion and oust the demon Dyspepsia and install instead Eupepsy. We recommend Electric Bitters for Dyspepsia and all diseases of Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Sold at 50c. and $1.00 per bottle at W C Keplinger & Co's Store.

On Friday afternoon our office was rendered very bright for a few moments by the presence of two young ladies and a young gentleman, all of Houserville, this county. The ladies were Miss Dale and Miss Lillie May Houser. Miss Dale contemplates a visit to the West in the near future, going to Prairie Home, Shelby county. The gentleman was Mr. Irvin Wirtz, who travels a great deal through the county canvassing for some very excellent books. They looked at all departments of the printing office and spent a half hour chatting very pleasantly.

—Potatoes are so plenty in some parts of Perry county that there is no sale for them. Recently a farmer hauled a load to Newport, but could not sell them, and rather than take them home again threw them along the road. Another farmer gathered them up and took them home.

There is no flour superior to the Jackson, sold by the Eureka Grocery Co., and by all other first class grocers.

New Marble Works.

Heisler and Gross are turning out the finest tombstones ever seen in Centre county. New styles just from New York and Philadelphia and the prices are the lowest. Shop on Water street, near big spring Bellefonte, Pa.

m3-d2w & w-3t.

"The churn must go," says an agricultural exchange. Of course it must, in order that the butter may come.

Cranberries at the Eureka Grocery store, High St., Bellefonte. The only store in town that has them now.

When a servant maid finds nine green peas in one pod she lays it on the window sill, and the first man who enters will be her 'beau.'

At Delmonico's—Kate: 'I wonder if shad are subject to rheumatism; because, if they are, I should think it would be dreadful with so many bones.'

5/A HORSE BLANKETS ARE THE STRONGEST.

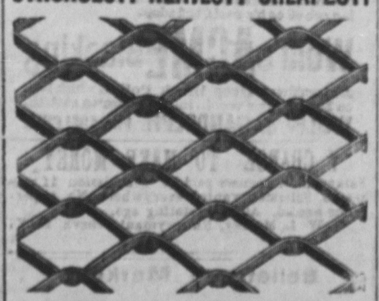
NONE GENUINE WITHOUT THE 5/A LABEL
Manuf'd by WM. AYRES & SONS, Philada., who make the famous Horse Brand Baker Blankets.

THE CHEWERS OF
OLD HONESTY
TOBACCO
WILL SOON FIND THAT IT LASTS LONGER, TASTES SWEETER THAN OTHER TOBACCOS, AND WILL PLEASE YOU. ASK YOUR DEALER FOR IT, AND INSIST ON GETTING IT. EVERY PLUG STAMPED LIKE ABOVE CUT.
JNO. FINZER & BROS., Louisville, Ky.

SUFFERING WOMEN MARRIED OR SINGLE,
When troubled with those annoying Irregularities so frequently following a cold or exposure, or from Constitutional Weaknesses so peculiar to their sex, should Use DR. DUCHOINE'S Celebrated
FEMALE REGULATING PILLS.
They are Strengthening to the entire system, impart tone, vigor and magnetic force to all functions of body and mind. Sent by mail, securely sealed, $1. Address, Dr. Harter Medicine Co., ST. LOUIS, MO.

BEST STEEL WIRE GALVANIZED.
Woven Wire Fencing
Wire Rope Selvage
McMULLEN'S

80c TO $2 PER ROD.
All sizes and widths. Gates to match. Sold by us or dealers in this line of goods. FREIGHT PAID. Information free. THE McMULLEN WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO., Nos. 115 & 120 N. Market St., Chicago, Ill.

SOMETHING NEW FOR FENCES!
STRONGEST! NEATEST! CHEAPEST!

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WHAT MR H I BUDD, CORRESPONDING SECRETARY OF THE BURLINGTON COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, HAS TO SAY ABOUT THE MICROBE KILLER.

MOUNT HOLLY, Feb. 17, 1889.
RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER CO.
GENTLEMEN:—Until persuaded by a regular practicing physician, last October, to try William Radam's Microbe Killer, I had experimented with many different kinds of patent medicines, and had placed myself under treatment from several of our most noted physicians, in addition to which I visited many of the consumptive health resorts of the country, all in a vain search for relief from an inherited tendency to pulmonary disease, aggravated by attacks of pneumonia, congestion and inflammation. In sheer despair I tried your remedy, but shall ever bless the doctor who recommended it, for I am now entirely free from the racking cough that made life miserable; am improving in health and rapidly gaining in strength. My friends are so surprised at my improved condition that they almost weary me relating the story of my cure. I have suffered so much and seen so much suffering from this fatal disease that I feel it my duty to advise all to try what I believe has proved my salvation. Sincerely yours,
H I BUDD.

Send or call for pamphlet giving full particulars Sold only in 1 gallon jugs—lasts about a month Price $3.00.
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PATRICK O'FARRELL,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
—and—
Solicitor of Patents, Pensions and Claims

Hdqrs JOHN A RAWLINS' POST No. 1,
Department of the Potomac G A R,
Washington, D C, March 15, 1886.
Comrade O'FARRELL Adjutant of this Post, is doing good work for our comrades in his profession and business as an attorney and claim agent. The Captain was a brave soldier during the late war. He is a good lawyer and an honest man. Comrades throughout the country, who place their business in his care, will be honestly dealt with. C G BOLLINGER, Commander

1319 F Street, N W,
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Formerly Capt Co G, 69th N Y, (Corcoran Irish Legion). 20 25 tf

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14-21-tf

A JUDGE'S COURTSHIP.

New York Press.

The shortest courtship I ever heard of was that of an eminent jurist. He was on his way to hold court in town, when he met a young woman returning from market.

'How deep is the creek and what did you get for your butter?' asked the Judge.

'Up to the knee and ninepence,' was the answer, as the girl walked on. The Judge pondered over the sensible brevity of the reply, turned his hose, rode back and overtook her.

'I liked your answer just now,' he said, 'and I like you. I think you would make a good wife. Will you marry me?' She looked him over and said: 'Yes.' 'Then get up behind me and we will ride to town and be married.'

She did get up behind and they rode to the Court House and were made one. It is recorded that the marriage was a pre-eminently happy one.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ring-Bone, Stifles, Sprains, all Swollen Throats, Coughs, Etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by F. Potts Green, Druggist Bellefonte.
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AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION proposed to the citizens of this Commonwealth by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for their approval or rejection at a special election to be held June 18, 1889. Published by order of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in pursuance of Article XVIII of the Constitution.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth:

SECTION I. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment is proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the Eighteenth Article thereof:

AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said Constitution to be designated as Article XIX, as follows:

ARTICLE XIX.

The manufacture, sale, or keeping for sale of intoxicating liquor, to be used as a beverage, is hereby prohibited, and any violation of this prohibition shall be a misdemeanor, punishable as shall be provided by law.

The manufacture, sale, or keeping for sale of intoxicating liquor for other purposes than as a beverage may be allowed in such manner only as may be prescribed by law. The General Assembly shall, at the first session succeeding the adoption of this article of the Constitution, enact laws with adequate penalties for its enforcement.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.
CHARLES W. STONE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION proposed to the citizens of this Commonwealth by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for their approval or rejection at a special election to be held June 18, 1889. Published by order of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in pursuance of Article XVIII of the Constitution.

Joint resolutions proposing an amendment to the constitution of the commonwealth:

SECTION 1. *Be it Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met*, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

AMENDMENT.

Strike out from section one, of article eight, the four qualifications for voters which reads as follows:

"If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid, within two years, a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months, and paid at least one month before the election," so that the section which reads as follows:

"Every male citizen, twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He shall have resided in the state one year, (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth. If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid within two years, a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election," shall be amended, so as to read as follows:

Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at the polling place of the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident and not elsewhere.

First. He shall have been a resident of the United States at least thirty days.

Second. He shall have resided in the state one year [or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months] immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least thirty days immediately preceding the election. The legislature, at the session thereof next after the adoption of this section, shall, and from time to time thereafter may, enact laws to properly enforce this provision.

Fourth. Every male citizen of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a citizen for thirty days and an inhabitant of this state one year next preceding an election, except at municipal elections, and for the last thirty days a resident of the election district in which he may offer his vote, shall be entitled to vote at such election in the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident and not elsewhere for all officers that now are or hereafter may be elected by the people: *Provided*, That in time of war no elector in the actual military service of the State or of the United States, in the army or navy thereof, shall be deprived of his vote by reason of his absence from such election district, and the legislature shall have power to provide the manner in which and the time and place at which such absent electors may vote, and for the return and canvas of their votes in the election district in which they respectively reside.

Fifth. For the purpose of voting, no person shall be deemed to have gained or lost a residence by reason of his presence or absence while employed in the service of the United States or the State, nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of the State or of the high seas, nor while a student of any college or seminary of learning, nor while kept at any almshouse or public institution, except the inmates of any home for disabled and indigent soldiers and sailors, who, for the purpose of voting, shall be deemed to reside in the election district where said home is located. Laws shall be made for ascertaining, by proper proofs, the citizens who shall be entitled to the right of suffrage hereby established."

A true copy of the joint resolution.
CHARLES W. STONE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

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REGULAR ADVERTISING RATES.—Twenty cents a line for each insertion.

Annual and Six Months' Contracts at Special Rates

Personal Notes from Houserville.

The Misses Kate and Mabel Grey, of Oak Hall Station, visited friends in this vicinity. Call again.

G S Keller, of the Houserville woolen mills, traded horses. You profited by the trade, George.

Cal. Corl says he wishes there would be a festival on Sunday evening so that he would have a better excuse to call on Miss Jordan oftener. Cal calls only four times a week.

Harvey Hoy visited his uncle, Mr. Oliver Hoy, on Sunday, and we hope he will come again.

Wm. Coble and son are building a house for Mr. Rown, of Buffalo Run.

D P Solt still continues his calls on May. Alas, the farm is sold.

Charles A Sowers called on the family of E M Houser. E M keeps the leading store in this place.

Wm. Shreck of Lemont, spent Sunday with the family of John Dale. Always glad to see William.

Eggs 11 cents per dozen.

Herman says he has no watch since Ellie took her watchful eye off him.

Grant Cobel is the name of the young man who opened the law office in this place. Give him a call.

The farmers are all done planting corn in this neighborhood.

NED HAZEL.

Our Baby.

Our baby, when two months old, was attacked with Scrofula, which for a long time destroyed her eyesight entirely, and caused us to despair of her life. The doctors failed to relieve her, and we gave Swift's Specific, which soon cured her entirely, and she is now hale and hearty.

E V DELK,
Will's Point, Tex.

Scrofula developed on my daughter—swelling and lumps on her neck. We gave her Swift's Specific, and the result was wonderful and the cure prompt.

S A DEARMAND, Cleveland, Tenn.

Poison Oak.

In surveying I accidentally handled a poison oak vine, and in a few hours the usual eruption and swelling appeared. My face was swollen and disfigured, and my hands and arms seriously affected. I took Swift's Specific and it promptly cured me, and I had no return of it—though this was five years ago. S S S cured my son also of the same poison.

Anderson, S. C., Oct. 16, 1888. E. A. BELL.

Bruised Leg.

For several years I had Scrofulous sores on my leg, the result of a bruise I had received. Less than two bottles of S S S cured them up, and there has been no return or sign of return. S S S is a splendid tonic also. A M HILL.

Abbeville, S. C., Oct. 20, 1888.

Swift's Specific is entirely a vegetable medicine, and is the only medicine which has ever cured Blood Poison, Scrofula, Blood Humors and kindred diseases. Send for our books on Blood and Skin Diseases, mailed free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.

Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

—The curb market thus far has not proven a success and money that might otherwise come into the borough treasury is still outside largely we think because the council is too economical to announce in the newspapers the fact that the market has already begun. All the notice thus far given is two lines in this paper given gratis. Now, however, we will publish the fact in a more extended way and won't charge a cent for it. Tuesday morning, for instance, the market consisted of only three wagons and one stand. Two of the wagons contained nothing but meat and we noticed only three purchasers. Hereafter, during the summer, the market will be in progress Tuesday and Saturday mornings. Mr. Abram Miller was there this morning with some very fine lettuce, radishes, and other greens. At the stand there was rhubarb. We did not see a young onion in market, and not a bit of smearcase. We predict, however, that the market will be much better hereafter and is of advantage principally because at it vegetables and other articles can be procured in a somewhat fresher condition than elsewhere.

"Tired All the Time."

Say many poor men and women, who seem overworked, or are debilitated by change of season, climate or life. If you could read the hundreds of letters praising Hood's Sarsaparilla which come from people whom it has restored to health, you would be convinced of its merits. As this is impossible, why not try Hood's Sarsaparilla yourself and thus realize its benefit? It will tone and build up your system, give you a good appetite, overcome that tired feeling and make you feel, as one woman expresses it, "like a new creature."

Eating Just Like Other Men.

The "Man About Town" in the New York *Star* was one of the few who went down the bay Monday to meet the President. Says he: I was present when the Governors of many of the proudest Commonwealths in the Union, sat down to a hasty, pot-luck lunch, and how they scrambled for their feed! Governors grabbed sandwitches from their Adjutant Generals, and Major Generals of State militia snatched plates of salad from under the very eyes of their chiefs. When the banquet hall was cleared for the common herd it looked like a Charleston hotel just after an energetic earthquake. Plates, saucers, cups, knives and forks, mingled with spoons and the remnants of lobster and chicken salad and sandwiches, were strewn over the table in reckless confusion. When the great men of the earth are hungry they eat very much as the common folk do under simular circumstances.

"A friend indeed," is what people who have been tortured by dyspepsia and been cured by Laxador, insist upon calling this now famous remedy.

Why is a baby like Wheat? Because it is first cradled, then thrashed and finally becomes the flower of the family, thanks to Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup.

—There was another Hungarian murder on Sunday night. It occurred at Vulcan mines, five miles from Houtzdale, in Clearfield county. It was likely a double murder as one man was killed outright and another so badly injured that he is expected to die. It did not occur at a wedding this time, but at a christening. What a fearful travesty on a sacred ceremony! A riot occurred in which Joseph Teeser was killed. The name of the injured man is not given. Seven Hungarians were arrested and placed in the Clearfield jail, but the two charged with the murder, viz., Baldy and Joseph Ronyak, have not been captured. We are inclined to believe that the responsibility for these murders attaches to the men who encourage the presence in this country of such off-scourings of Europe. Three-fourths of the murders now being committed are perpetrated by them, and it may be that, for self preservation, laws will have to be enacted against giving employment to any foreigner unless he can give a certificate of good moral character. Remember the fate of Bernard Cassidy in our own county, and now come these two men, who have been made the victims of a Hungarian riot.

"Give us a rest" cried a bootblack, from the gallery of the Opera House, to a party who had been constantly coughing during the performance. "Use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup" chimed in another.

At this season of fast driving and accidents to man and beast keep Salvation Oil on hand.

—The desperation of the liquor men in the present emergency is easily perceptible in the attempt made to impeach Judge Harry White of Allegheny county from the judicial bench. The more it is agitated the more conspicuous for purity and excellence becomes the reputation of Judge White and the more contemptible becomes that of George Shiras, Jr., his defamer, who is probably only the agent of the whiskey ring. Even the whiskey dealers do not approve of the persecution and one of them says that he is personally aware of the fact that the Judge might have made thousands of dollars had he yielded to the temptation to grant licenses, but instead he did what the license law permits him to do—refused all but a very few. It is said that $20,000 was offered for a single license and that the whiskey ring have appropriated $100,000 to remove Judge White. But their attempt to control the bench will likely react against them with double force.

Ladies Who Bloat.

What a great number there are; how uncomfortable it makes them; it is almost impossible for those afflicted to enjoy life, In my private practice I have always found Sulphur Bitters to be the best remedy. All who are thus troubled should use it.

MRS. DR. CHILDS, Boston.

Death of Mrs. William Musser.

On Sunday night Mrs. Annie Musser, wife of William Musser, of Millheim, died of inflamation of the stomach. The lady was about 37 years of age. She was a sister of Dr. John F. Harter, the recorder of Centre county. Her husband is the proprietor of the hotel at Millheim. She also leaves a little daughter to mourn her departure. The funeral will take place on Thursday morning.

It is Not Best

to always believe everything a person tells you, but when you hear that the best blood purifier is Sulphur Bitters, you can believe it, for they cured me of a severe case of blood poisoning.

REV. A. FAIRCHILD, New York City.

—It so happened that Rev. Mr. Sarvis, of the Pleasant Gap M. E. circuit delivered a temperance sermon on Sunday from exactly the same text which Rev. W. L. Hayden selected—Psalm 94;20. Rev. Mr. Sarvis continues to be a power for good and his sermons are forcible and effective. It is expected that some time in the near future he will hold a meeting on the common at Milesburg. This will afford all the people of that locality an opportunity to hear him.

—The DAILY NEWS always records the changes in the markets. They are at present very fluctuating. Dried apples rise from 5 to 6 cents per pound; butter descends in price from 25 cents to 20; hams, sugar cured, formerly quoted at 14 cents, are now 15; roller flour comes at 5 cents lower than formerly, viz. $1.40 per sack, apples go all the way from 75 cents to 90 cents per bushel, and breakfast bacon goes up one cent, being now 15 cents per pound,

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Sold by F. Potts Green Druggist, Bellefonte. 21 1-6m

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

PROHIBITION THE SOLE REMEDY.

BISHOP S. M. MERRILL, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, is the author of a pamphlet entitled "Outline Thoughts on Prohibition" in which he ably discusses prohibition, license and taxation, and party and non-partisan methods or action. We quote from his concluding paragraphs as follows: "Prohibition is the sole remedy for the liquor traffic. The people of the country are rapidly coming, to recognize this fact. In all the parties there are thousands of good men and true, longing for the overthrow of the saloons, and waiting for the issue to be joined in a practicable way, when their votes will be cast against the stupendous wrong which has so long held sway under direct or implied legal sanction. In order to be successful the interdiction of the traffic must go into the constitutions of the several States.....Duty is plain. Exclude all side issues, drop all political partisanship, keep out all disturbing elements, and go before the people on the simple choice of saloons or no saloons, and put the issue squarely on the ground of righteousness and more than half the States of the Union will vote for prohibition inside of twelve months. Place the cause where all can work for it men and women, preachers and churches, schools and teachers, temperance lodges and unions, and, where all can understand that its triumph is for the benefit of a party, and the traffic will go down as certainly as justice is divine. Let the question be so valued that every good citizen will be willing to separate this vital issue from all other issues, and for the time sink all parties out of sight, so that in this contest, while the issue is pending, there shall be no other division of voters than that which places all in favor of prohibition on one side, and all opposed to it on the other, and the good work will soon be done. With every citizen so free that he can enter into such a combination outside of all parties, and work in an orderly, lawful, common-sense way to bring about this desirable end, not only will prohibition be an accomplished fact, but much will be done in a short time towards the achievement of a general political reformation.

"The people may be trusted when freed from the shackles of party. When they are sufficiently enlightened, and free enough to study and decide this great question of public policy on its merits, they are simply realizing the advantage of self-government—advantages only partially secured under the rule of the parties, and not to be enjoyed in full till the politicians and their parties learn that the people are their masters. The accomplishment of prohibition by the people, without the aid of any political party, as such, will be worth to the nation all it costs, in teaching the parties their dependence, and therefore their obligation to respect the public intelligence, especially in relation to moral questions of general interest. It is worth while to try this plan. The issue is sure. Cut it loose from all entanglements. Lift the cause high above party and party platforms. Divorce it from office-seeking, from personal ambitions, from all entanglements, and keep it clean! Plant it on the bed-rock of eternal justice, and gather around it the sympathies and prayers, the tears and consecration of the millions who plead for righteousness, and you place it where the turmoils of party strifes, the winds of prejudice, the raging of passion, and the surging waves of opposition will beat upon it in vain."

What Prohibition Has Done For Huntingdon County.

We publish a circular which has been circulated in our neighboring county of Huntingdon, showing what no license has done for that country. Some time ago, as our readers will remember, the voters of Huntingdon elected two associate judges who were opposed to granting any license, and you will also remember that when this question came up before the court, the associates over-ruled the President Judge and refused to grant a single license. The case was taken to the Supreme court and the associate judges were sustained. Since that time there has been no licensed place in that county. In an appeal to the voters on the amendment question to be voted on June 18th, 1889 J. R. Simpson, chairman, makes the following appeal to the tax payers of Huntingdon County.

Huntingdon, Pa., April 20, 1889.

CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING FIGURES,

Taken from your Auditor's statements, and then answer the question, DOES LICENSE PAY BETTER THAN NO LICENSE? In 1885 there were 14 licensed bars, 2 distilleries and one brewery in the county. In 1888 there was no licenses—the distilleries and brewery closing May 1st. Some of the accounts paid by tax-payers:

	In 1885	In 1888
Commonwealth orders in prosecutions, Prothonotary, District Attorney and Witnesses,	$4806 90	$2137 84
Sheriff for boarding prisoners, summoning Jurors, &c.,	2273 53	944 62
Jurors, Court cryer and Tipstaves,	6517 89	4325 54
Boarding Jurors, (Oyer and Terminer cases),	198 00	
	$13796 41	$7408 00

Saved in 1888 over 1885, $6396.41. The real debt of the county in January, 1889, is less by $16,846.52 than it was in January, in the year 1886; and the County and the State Taxes in 1888 were less by $489.13 than in 1885. The question to be voted on June 18th is, SHALL THE SALOONS OPEN AGAIN IN ALL THE TOWNS AND VILLAGES OF THE COUNTY? If you vote against the Amendment, it is a vote in favor of opening the saloons again. If the saloons open again, you must furnish the money to carry on the Criminal courts. If the saloons open again you must furnish the boys to frequent them. It takes money and boys to sustain saloons, and you tax-payers must furnish both. For the sake of saving your hard-earned money and your boys—and maybe your girls—VOTE FOR THE AMENDMENT.

Denial Of A False Report.

The Pittsburgh Post of January 28, 1889, contained an article headed "Prohibition in Huntingdon County has been a Disastrous Failure" a correspondent having written that paper as follows:

"HUNTINGDON, Pa., Jan. 27.—For two years not a license has been granted in this county, yet it is openly asserted by the conservative element of society that there is more drunkenness, among the boys and young men to be seen here now than when there were licensed places for the sale of liquor. It is found quite easy to have liquor shipped here from adjoining counties, and as a consequence, innumerable private drinking clubs have been organized which are composed principally of minors and boys of very tender years. Since the refusal of licenses two years ago, a strong sentiment against total prohibition has sprung up in this city because of its positive failure to diminish drunkenness. It has been carefully estimated that over $800 is weekly sent from this county to liquor dealers in adjoining counties where licenses are in vogue. A few interviews with prominent citizens show the feeling to be about as stated above."

The undersigned citizens of Huntingdon hereby certify that the above report and statements are incorrect and untrue,—that on the contrary drunkenness has diminished very greatly; that it is an exceptional thing to see an intoxicated man; that crime and disorder have almost entirely disappeared; that the county prison has had fewer inmates than at any former period, at times being entirely empty; that His Honor Judge Furst at a recent term of Court, in discharging the Grand Jury said to it: "Crime has greatly diminished in this country; and if this state of affairs (no liquor selling) continues, you will have no duties to perform, except to see the Public Buildings and County Bridges." We further certify that we believe the sentiment against liquor selling has greatly increased because the refusal of licenses has diminished drinking and drunkenness,

J. R. Simpson, Attorney-at-Law.
K. A. Lovell, "
D. E. Freeman, Pastor Presbyterian Church.
James Curns, Pastor M. E. Church.
F. H. Lane, Merchant.
G. W. Garrettson, Deputy Sheriff.
E. O. Rodgers, County Treasurer.
Wm. P. Orbison, Attorney-at-law.
John S. Bare, Register and Recorder of County.
Samuel W. Collom, Retired.
James S. Woods, Attorney-at-law.
M. G. Brumbaugh, County Supt. Schools.
J. H. Chambers, Pastor Baptist Church.
C. R. McCarthy, Associate Judge.
William Reed, Merchant.
R. Myers, Physician.
R. R. Wiestling, Physician.
J. H. Black, Druggist.
Alex. Port, One of the Managers Penna. Ind. Ref.
Thos. Grimison, Merchant.
H. N. Kerr.
J. H. Nale, Public School Teacher.
H. H. Lane, Prop. Machine Works.
Laden Dean, Carpenter.
J. H. Weaver, Merchant.
Christian Long. "
Daniel Africa. Retired.
James Simpson, Foundry Proprietor.
Nephsker & Wright, Merchants.
T. B. Walton, Merchant.
Jos. E. Saylor, Teacher Normal School.
J. H. Brumbaugh, Principal Normal School.
A. B. Brumbaugh, Inspt. State Board of Health.
J. B. Kidder, Teacher.
Hugh Lindsay, Editor LOCAL NEWS.
P. B. Fleck, Public School Janitor.
John E. Smucker Real Estate.
John Brewster Prothonotary of the County.
H. S. Wharton Insurance.
John W. Mattern. Attorney-at-law.
W. H. Woods Attorney-at-law.
John D. Dorris " "
Isaac Lamp, Brickiayer
H. E. Crum Salesman.
J. M. Maguire Insurance.
W. B. Zeigler. Real Estate.
D. Y. Swayne Merchant.
J. C. Dunkle, Supt. Planing Mill.
W. G. Fecht Clerk to Prothonotary.
J. C. Blair Manufacturing Stationer.
J. R. Patton Justice of the Peace.
Geo. B. Orlady Ex-District Attorney.
Howard E. Butz Editor Globe.
George M. McAlvey Ex-Sheriff.
J. A. Nash Editor Journal.
William Dorris Attorney-at-law.
L. G. Graham Chief of Police.
Charles G. Brown, District Attorney.
Samuel S. Brown Attorney-at-law.
John M. Bailey Attorney-at-law
James Kelly Justice of the Peace.
W. McKnight Williamson State Senator.
S. E. Fleming Editor Monitor.

CERTIFICATE BY THE SHERIFF OF HUNTINGDON COUNTY

I, J. G. Isenberg, Huntingdon county, Pa., hereby certify that by request I have examined the Office Records and find that the following is a correct statement of the number of commitments to the jail of the county, for all causes during the years hereinafter stated:

1885.....98
1886.....80
1887.....55
1888.....55

I further certify that in 1887 and 1888 there were no licenses in this county, but the distilleries did not close until May 1, 1888. I further certify that the number of prisoners taken from this county to the Penitentiary for the years below stated as follows:

1885.....6
1886.....5
1887.....2
1888.....None

J. G. ISENBERG, Sheriff.

Mightier than the pen—The pig, sometimes.

English as It is Not Taught.—He didn't crack a smile. I feel many gratitudes to you. His forgiven name is John. Help us bring forth meats for our repentance. Help us to pray as the Republicans did. "God be merciful to me a sinner."—*American Missionary.*

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st. N.Y.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Poor, Foolish Men.

TAKE A WOMAN'S ADVICE.

This is only the second time in eight weeks that I have had to polish my boots, and yet I had hard work getting my husband to give up his old blacking brush, and the annoyance of having the paste blacking rub off on his pants, and adopt

Wolff's ACME Blacking

A magnificent Deep Black Polish, which lasts on Men's boots a week, and on Women's a month.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

A CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY.

Salary and Expenses paid, or commission if preferred. Salesmen wanted everywhere. No experience needed. Address, stating age,

W. L. McKAY, Nurseryman' Geneva, N. Y. 41

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, May 7, 1889.

Red Wheat, per bushel	90
Mixed Wheat, per bushel	85
Buckwheat, new, per bushel	40
Rye per bushel	45
Corn (shelled)	45
Corn (ears)	40
Oats	27
Barley	45
Cloverseed, fair to good	$5.00
do prime and extra prime	5.50
do choice	6 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	6.20
Flour, wholesale	5.60
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$13.00
Nova Scotia Plaster	$9.50

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Provision Markets.

(Corrected weekly by A C Meyer & Bro)

Apples, dried, per pound	6
Cherries dried, per pound, seeded	15
Dried Currants, per pound	10
New Raisins, per pound	10—12½
Beans, per quart	15
Fresh Butter, per pound	20
Cheese, per pound	18
Country Hams, per pound	12½
Hams, sugar cured	14
Shoulders	10
Breakfast Bacon	12
Country Bacon	10
Lard, leaf, per pound	13
Lard, country, per pound	10
Eggs per dozen	12½
Potatoes, per bushel	50
Dried Beef	20
Canned Beef, 2 pound can	25
Country Side, per pound	10
Canned Tomatoes, per can	12½—15
Canned Corn, per can	10—12½
Lemons, per dozen	25
Dried sweet Corn, per pound	15
Apple Butter, per gallon	50
Roller Flour, per sack	$1 40
Apples, per bushel	90

Important to Railroad Men

A. E. Smith has been for forty-nine years road master on the Boston and Maine system, and is now residing at Great Falls, N. H. He says trackmen, brakemen, firemen, engineers and conductors, as well as baggage masters and expressmen, are subject to kidney disease above all others. All, therefore, will be interested in the statement of his experience. "I have used Brown's Sarsaparilla for kidney and liver troubles, and can truly say it has done more for me than all the doctors I ever employed, and I have had occasion to require the services of the best physicians in the State. My wife also has been greatly benefited by its use.

A E SMITH,
Road Master B & M R R."

The kidneys have been labored hard all winter, as the pores of the skin have been closed, but now the springtime has come, and they need some aid. May be you have that pain across the back; that tired feeling; those drawing down pains, if so you can get immediate relief by following the example of Mr. Smith and his wife and use that never-failing and grand corrector for the kidneys, liver and blood,

BROWN'S Sarsaparilla.

Not genuine unless made by Ara Warren & Co, Bangor, Me. 21 14 6t

W. H. Dorris Attorney-at-law.
L. G. Graham Chief of Police.
Charles G. Brown, District Attorney.
Samuel S. Brown Attorney-at-law.
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Canned Corn, per can	10—12½
Lemons, per dozen	25
Dried sweet Corn, per pound	15
Apple Butter, per gallon	50
Roller Flour, per sack	$1 40
Apples, per bushel	90

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that G. F. Woodring, A. R. Woodring, and Jacob Woodring, doing business under the firm name of G. F. Woodring & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The books and accounts are left in the hands of Jacob Woodring who will settle up the business of the firm.

G. F. WOODRING,
Port Matilda. A. R. WOODRING,
April 16, 1889. JACOB WOODRING,
21-17-6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Jacob Showers, late of Spring township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against said estate are requested to present the same duly authenticated for settlement.

L E JODON,
Hastings & Reeder, Administrator.
Attorneys. 21 14 6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration upon the Estate of the Rev. Wm. H. H. Snyder, late of Bellefonte Borough, deceased, having been granted by the Register of Centre County, to the undersigned, he requests all persons indebted to deceased to make immediate payment and those having claims against him to present the same duly authenticated for settlement.

D. S. KELLER, Administrator.
21 19 6t P. O. address, Bellefonte, Pa.,

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—Orphans Court of Centre County, in the matter of the Estate of Mary A. Pennington, dec'd.

The undersigned, an Auditor appointed by said Court to report distribution of the funds in the hands of James H. Carner, Administrator of &c., will meet the parties in interest for the purpose of his appointment at his office in Bellefonte, on Saturday, the 25th day of May A. D. 1889, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all parties in interest may attend if they see proper.

C. P. HEWES, Auditor.
21 19 3t.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.—GOD SAVE the Commonwealth. I, Robert Cooke, Jr., High Sheriff of the county of Centre, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid that an election will be held in the said county of Centre, on

TUESDAY, JUNE 18, 1889,

for the purpose of deciding upon the approval and ratification or rejection of two separate amendments to the constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The *first* of said amendments being as follows:

AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said Constitution to be designated as Article XIX, as follows:

ARTICLE XIX.

The manufacture, sale, or keeping for sale of intoxicating liquor, to be used as a beverage, is hereby prohibited, and any violation of this prohibition shall be a misdemeanor, punishable as shall be provided by law.

The manufacture, sale, or keeping for sale of intoxicating liquor for other purposes than as a beverage may be allowed in such manner only as may be prescribed by law. The General Assembly shall, at the first session succeeding the adoption of this article of the Constitution, enact laws with adequate penalties for its enforcement.

The second thereof being as follows:

AMENDMENT.

Strike out from section one, of article eight, the four qualifications for voters which reads as follows:

"If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid, within two years, a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months, and paid at least one month before the election," so that the section which reads as follows:

"Every male citizen, twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He shall have resided in the state one year, (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth. If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid within two years, a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election," shall be amended, so as to read as follows:

Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at the polling place of the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident and not elsewhere.

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least thirty days.

Second. He shall have resided in the state one year (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least thirty days immediately preceding the election. The legislature, at the session thereof next after the adoption of this section, shall, and from time to time thereafter may, enact laws to properly enforce this provision.

Fourth. Every male citizen of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a citizen for thirty days and an inhabitant of this state one year next preceding an election, except at municipal elections, and for the last thirty days a resident of the election district in which he may offer his vote, shall be entitled to vote at such election in the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident and not elsewhere for all officers that now are or hereafter may be elected by the people: *Provided*, That in time of war no elector in the actual military service of the State or of the United States, in the army or navy thereof, shall be deprived of his vote by reason of his absence from such election district, and the legislature shall have power to provide the manner in which and the time and place at which such absent electors may vote, and for the return and canvas of their votes in the election district in which they respectively reside.

Fifth. For the purpose of voting, no person shall be deemed to have gained or lost a residence by reason of his presence or absence while employed in the service of the United States or the State, nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of the State or of the high seas, nor while a student of any college or seminary of learning, nor while kept at any almshouse or public institution, except the inmates of any home for disabled and indigent soldiers and sailors, who, for the purpose of voting, shall be deemed to reside in the election district where said home is located. Laws shall be made for ascertaining, by proper proofs, the citizens who shall be entitled to the right of suffrage hereby established."

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places for holding the aforesaid election in the several boroughs and townships within the county of Centre are as follows, to wit:

For the township of Haines (eastern precinct,) at the public school house at Woodward.

For the township of Haines (western precinct,) at the public house of T G Edmunds, Aaronsburg.

For the township of Half Moon, at the school house in Stormstown.

For the township of Taylor, at the house erected for that purpose on the property of Leonard Merryman.

For the township of Miles, in the school house in the town of Rebersburg.

For the township of Gregg [north precinct,) at Murray's school house.

For the township of Gregg [south precinct) at the dwelling house owned by J S Fisher, at Penn Hall.

For the borough of Centre Hall, at the public school house in said borough.

For the township of Potter (northern precinct,) at the public house of D J Meyer, in Centre Hall.

For the township of Potter (south precinct,) at the house owned by J B Fisher, of Penn Hall, and occupied by Frank Hosterman.

For the township of College, at the school house in Lemont.

For the township of Ferguson (old precinct,) at the school house in Pine Grove.

For the township of Ferguson (new precinct) at the old school house at Baileyville.

For the township of Harris at the school house in Boalsburg.

For the township of Patton at the house of Peter Murray.

For the North ward of the borough of Bellefonte at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the South ward of the borough of Bellefonte at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the West ward of the borough of Bellefonte at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the township of Benner at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the township of Spring at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the township of Walker in the school house at Hublersburg.

For the township of Howard at the school house in the borough of Howard.

For the borough of Howard at the public school house in said borough.

For the township of Rush (northern precinct) at the school house at Cold Stream.

For the township of Rush (southern precinct) in the public school house in the village of Powelton

For the township of Snow Shoe (eastern precinct) at the school house in the village of Snow Shoe.

For the township of Snow Shoe (western precinct) at the school house in the village of Moshannon.

For the township of Marion at the school house in Jacksonville.

For the borough of Milesburg at the school house in Milesburg.

For the township of Boggs (eastern precinct) at Curtin's school house.

For the township of Boggs (western precinct) at the school house in Central City.

For the township of Boggs (northern precinct) at the public school house known as "Walker's School House."

For the township of Huston at the Silver Dale school house.

For the township of Penn at the public house kept by R V Shaffer, at Coburn.

For the borough of Millheim at the school house opposite the Evangelical church in said borough

For the township of Liberty at the school house in Eagleville.

For the township of Worth at the school house in Port Matilda.

For the township of Burnside at the house of J K Boak.

For the township of Curtin at the school house near Robert Mann's.

For the township of Union at the school house in the borough of Unionville.

For the borough of Unionville at the new school house in said borough.

For the First ward of the borough of Philipsburg at Wheelman's Club House, at corner of Beaver and Second streets.

For the Second ward of the borough of Philipsburg at the Public Building, at the corner of North Centre and Presqueisle streets.

For the Third ward of the borough of Philipsburg at the store of William Hess, at

NOTES OF FOREIGN TRAVEL.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE OF BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

ALGIERS, March 30, 1889.

MR. EDITOR: We have traveled in a leisurely sort of way, stopping where the fancy caught us; except in Spain, where we made a business of sight seeing. I must say something in favor of the method of heating cars in this country. One may be very comfortable with a hot stone at their feet, changed once in a few hours, with plenty of warm wraps and a cool, pure air to breathe—much more comfortable than the intolerable heat and stuffiness of an American car, unless it be the other extreme. when steam gets down and cars are too cold. But we must take into consideration the climate and the severe cold we have, of which this people have no conception.

We spent six weeks on the Riviera, which some poet has called the "Palace Beautiful of the World," blue skied, azure sea, flowery Rivera.

Cannes is a very charming spot, more picturesque than Nice. Steep hillsides, bold cliffs, with villas perched thereon. An abrupt wall will rise many feet above the narrow street, filled in, then terraced still higher, covered with the palm and orange and other tropical plants, shut off from the highway by an iron gate securely locked. "Every man's house is his castle" may be said of Cannes as of England.

Every foothold of the sea coast is of historic interes It was near this place where Napoleon landed, when he made his escape from Elba. There are many reminders of the Roman conquest. Queen Victoria has erected a memorial to the Duke of Albany, who died here six years ago, which will be a link to bring down history to a future time.

Nice has an entirely different appearance, lying on an almost level plain, but a gem in an emerald setting. Mountain, sea and sky combine to make it beautiful. Nice lies at the foot of Mount Albano on a little bay which makes the shore a half circle, the town stretching for a mile along the Mediteranean, where the fashionable throng drive and walk, with music in the afternoon. We are hemmed in on the north by the snowy peaks that look so near one fears that even a gentle wind from these peaks would carry blight and destruction to the tropical gardens below. There is a soft loveliness about this sub-tropical vegetation that is very beautiful. The palms, cactus, prickly pear, the orange, almond, the blue sea and bright sun are all toned down by the sober gray of the olive. Some traveler has said that nowhere were the skies so friendly as in England, which is quite the reverse here. The sun burns, and with the glare of the white buildings and streets reflected from the sea, if there be a wind, reminds us of the story in our school reader—which could first make the traveler take off his coat, the sun or the wind?

A local paper says: "Nice came into fashion as a health resort shortly after the peace of 1815, but its real prosperity dates from its cession to France by the treaty of Villa-franca when the birthplace of Garabaldi was as though by magic transformed into a kind of Gallia Capua, with splendid boulevards, promenades, villas and gardens—a host of grand hotels and clubs. There are here and there a cluster of medieval houses, a heavy gateway, a dismantled tower, just enough to tell of the olden time. All else is bright, bustling, busy; the shops on the Qwai Marsena resemble those of New York or Chicago; filled with diamonds and rich stuffs enough to tempt the woman of fashion, for she is there in all her glory. Princes and peers, politicians, people in society, people out of society, all sorts and conditions of men and women who can put money in their purse flock to the Rivera. A great number of the fine places are to rent. What they need is a western loan no doubt. The vacant villas are from the effects of that bomb they had two years ago.

We came into Spain by Barcelona, a lonely modern town, and had a long, weary journey to Madrid. These interior cities in Spain do not change, and what Washington Irving said of them sixty years ago will apply equally well now, I think. The Spanish are a fine-looking people—taller with a more frank and open countenance than the French. They all wear the Spanish cloak, an inheritance from the Moors, I fancy, and a very useful garment for their climate. They can wrap it around their throats and mouth, throw it twice around their shoulders, draw the hood over their heads and sleep with comfort traveling. It is very difficult to learn much about the Spaniards. They do not make the acquaintance of foreigners, but a charming couple belonging to the British Embassy, who lived at our hotel in Madrid and had been resident eight years in Spain, told us of many of their customs, and you may be sure we took with avidity anything they had to communicate, but it would be superfluous in a letter. One custom I must relate and this is it: When a husband dies the burial takes place at once, while the wife stays at home and receives company. We heard many stories about Queen Christine. Some say that she is popular, others that they only tolerate but do not like her. I think she must have shown wisdom and tact in her management of the fierce Castillian and has won admiration, sitting on a spirited horse for hours reviewing her troops. They say her name was on as pationess of a "Society for the prevention of cruelty to animals," but Spanish influence compelled her to take it off, as it reflected on their national sport—bull fighting. She is a devout Catholic and fosters these institutions, without which they could not live, as religion, except for the women, is now in a declining state.

There is no doubt that she [Queen Christine of Spain] was devotedly attached to the lake King, while some think that his heart was buried in the grave with Mercedes. This Princess lived at Seville and the King had a telephone between his palace at Madrid and her home, that they might do their courting without interruption.

A long ride over a desolate moor, climbing a steep grade brought us to the gloomy, wind-swept palace of the Escurial, in a rocky and barren spot, built by that bigoted old King Philip II in commemoration of his victory of St. Quintin. I must confess I was always glad that the Lord gave him a taste of suffering in his last days. There is not much of interest here except the church and library. They have a childish custom when a king is to be buried. There are now six hundred lazy monks here supported by the government. Several centuries ago a king gave them the use of everying here. There is a royal mausoleum in the church—the dead king is brought to the door and the chamberlin demands admittance. Monks refuse, then the royal cortege proceeds to break in the strong door when all goes off peaceably. Rather high-handed ingratitude we would call it. We saw some beautifully illustrated books done by the Monks of the tenth century, in this library, which rather dampened our enthusiasm for the originality of the early painters. The Holy Family is as beautiful as a poet's vision. No wonder Murillo excelled in these subjects—he had these for a copy. These books were about three by three and a half feet, beautifully bound, with a silk covering over these pages so illustrated which the Monks handle with tenderness.

On to Seville for the carnival, a tame affair compared with New Orleans. But the bull fights not being as frequent during Lent, we put ourselves to a great deal of trouble and expense to see one, thinking it would be our last opportunity in Spain, and I must confess we brought away very little for our money. Some told us it was a cheap bull fight, as they killed only four bulls and *no* horses, although they rode around the ring with bowels dragging from the side of a horse, but the fraud was palpable to every one. These bulls would not show fight, no matter what the provocation; then the populace would hiss and show signs of disapprobation, after which they threw several darts into his neck, which went off like rockets and burned and tortured the poor beasts. Then he would lie down and the matador would kill him, when these horses, gaily caparisoned and with bells, tore into the enclosure and drew off the bull with a great flourish amidst the cheers of the multitude. One can feel nothing but disgust toward people who can be pleased with such cruelty.

Seville is a real Moorish City, the streets so narrow you must step into a door way to let a carriage pass. There are courts in the centres of the houses filled with plants, orange trees and fountains, also plants and flowers on the house tops. This Cathedral is the largest in Spain. * * * *

We were delighted with the Alcazar, and as it is sometimes tenanted it did not look so much like a ruin as the Alhambra. There is a beautiful garden belonging to this palace where we saw dates and bananas. There is a retired, beautiful spot in this garden where are fountains and a marble bath and swimming pool built by Charles the fifth for his *favorite*. The Mosque in Cordova is the master piece of the Moors in Spain: It would be impossible to give any idea of the grandeur and impressiveness of this building—a fine Catholic church, in the centre a Latin cross, which breaks the long vista of columns, but does not consume much of the space. A custodian unlocked a gate to let us into a chapel where the Koran was kept. Remarking the worn appearance of the stone floor, I thought how many feet must have walked into this enclosure since the Moors were driven out and obliged to leave all their treasures behind.

The situation of the Alhambra is well chosen, overlooking the city of Grenada and the whole country. The mountains—a part of the Sierra Nevada—do not seem to rise high, but this is only seeming as their peaks are covered with snow. The Alhambra has been restored so fully, that nothing of the original remains except the boudoir of Ferdinand and Isabella. A clever artist in the building is making or painting stucco to sell to tourists. It is equally good, but it destroys the charm of antiquity and seems to detract somewhat from the skill of the Moors.

The hotels are better than we expected to find. The railroad traveling is comfortable but very slow—about fifteen miles an hour. The hot suns of summer warp and twist the rails out of shape and no repairing is done in the Autumn in preparation for Winter travel. It is impossible to judge of a people from a sojourn of a few weeks among them, but even a casual observer can find but little to emulate. Proud and lazy, he is yet environed about with unfavorable conditions and oppressed by a bad government so that he has no encouragement to accumulate, as the greater part of his sustenance must go to the support of the priests and soldier. Every fruit and plant known grow here, brought in by the thrifty Moors—a favored land, but unprofitable stewards.

I have given you but an imperfect idea of our travels in this interesting country, but it is time to take up our pilgrim staff and march on to other fields of observation, that will be new and interesting to us, and regarding regarding I may send you another descriptive letter.

Yours truly,

MRS. S S ORMSBY.

Be Sure

If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a peculiar medicine, possessing, by virtue of its peculiar combination, proportion, and preparation, curative power superior to any other article. A Boston lady who knew what she wanted, and whose example is worthy imitation, tells her experience below:

To Get

"In one store where I went to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla the clerk tried to induce me buy their own instead of Hood's; he told me their's would last longer; that I might take it on ten days' trial; that if I did not like it I need not pay anything, etc. But he could not prevail on me to change. I told him I knew what Hood's Sarsaparilla was. I had taken it, was satisfied with it, and did not want any other.

Hood's

When I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I was feeling real miserable, suffering a great deal with dyspepsia, and so weak that at times I could hardly stand. I looked, and had for some time, like a person in consumption. Hood's Sarsaparilla did me so much good that I wonder at myself sometimes, and my friends frequently speak of it." MRS. ELLA A. GOFF, 61 Terrace Street, Boston.

Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Mercantile Appraisement For 1889.

	CLASS	$
Anderson, John, Bellefonte, Pool and Billiard	2	40 75
Achenbach, B C, Bellefonte, Confectionery	14	7 75
Adams, Joseph & Co, Milesburg, Merchant	14	7 75
Askey, John, Philipsburg, Billiard	2	40 75
Adelman & Ratowsky, Philipsburg, Clothiers	13	10 75
Adams, T F, Milesburg, Merchant	13	10 75
Brown, Lawrence L, Bellefonte, Coal & Grain	11	15 75
Bair, J C " Grocer	14	7 75
Brown, C T " Novelty	13	10 75
Baney, H C " Grocer	14	7 75
Blair, F P " Jeweler	14	7 75
Bauer, V J " Merchant	13	10 75
Bunnel & Aikens " Music store	14	7 75
Brachbill, John " Furniture	14	7 75
Bayard, Walter " Druggist	14	7 75
Boal, Geo O " Novelty	14	7 75
Brandon, Geo B " Pool	1	30 75
Bagnarcelli, L P " Confectioner	14	7 75
Brockerhoff, A & Bro " Grain & Flour	14	7 75
Bartholomew, R E, Centre Hall, Merchant	12	13 25
Brown, Henry, Hublersburg, Merchant	14	7 75
Boggs, A L, Milesburg, Merchant	14	7 75
Bock, Henry, Madisonburg, Merchant	14	7 75
Black & Weber, Philipsburg, Furniture	14	7 75
Barber, J F & Co, Philipsburg, Hardware	12	13 25
Brinton, Duncan & Barnes, Philipsburg, Merchants	8	30 75
Burchfield, W E, Philipsburg, Novelty	14	7 75
Biddle, W M, Philipsburg, Grocer	14	7 75
Boak, George, Pine Glenn, Merchant	14	7 75
Boak, C, Snow Shoe, Merchant	13	10 75
Budinger, T B, Snow Shoe, Merchant	13	10 75
Cruse, A J, Bellefonte, Tobacco and Cigars	14	7 75
Ceader, Joseph, Bellefonte, Confectioner	14	7 75
Camp & Naginey, Bellefonte, Furniture	14	7 75
Cole, Jacob H, Bellefonte, Grocer	14	7 75
Cunningham, F D Agt, Bellefonte, Pool	1	30 75
Campbell, A J Agt, Coburn, Grain & Coal	14	7 75
Chaney & Thompson, Port Matilda, Merchants	14	7 75
Campbell, Charles, Philipsburg, Pool & Billiard	3	50 75
Crissman, S S, Philipsburg, Druggist	13	10 75
Conway, Charles, Philipsburg, Clothier	11	15 75
Coener, H, Philipsburg, Notions	14	7 75
Curtin & Co, Roland, Merchants	12	13 25
Cook, C E & Co, Bellefonte, Coal dealers	14	7 75
Delong, L J, Blanchard, Merchant	14	7 75
Dale & Co, Centre Hall, Merchant	14	7 75
Durham Bros & Co, Coburn, Merchant	13	10 75
Decker, M J, Coburn, Grain and Coal	13	10 75
Dale & Womer, Philipsburg, Clothier	13	10 75
Davis, E A & Son, Philipsburg, Jewelers	14	7 75
Dorman, S, Zion, Merchant	14	7 75
Dunkle & Fortney, Bellefonte, Grocery	14	7 75
Erhard & Shuey, Bellefonte, Grocers	13	10 75
Eureka Grocery Co do do	12	13 25
Everett, C A, Lemont, Druggist	14	7 75
Ewing, A J, Penna Furnace, Merchant	13	10 75
Erb, Mrs S, Pine Grove, Merchant	14	7 75
Emery, Harry, Philipsburg, Confectionery	14	7 75
Erb, S J, Philipsburg, Grocer	14	7 75
Emerick, J S, Wolfs Store, Merchant	14	7 75
Eisenhuth, Jacob, Millheim, Druggist	14	7 75
Ewing, J S, Snow Shoe, Druggist	14	7 75
Else, C H, Milesburg, Druggist	14	7 75
Frank, V, Bellefonte, Novelty	14	7 75
Fauble, M do Clothier	14	7 75
Foster, W L, College, Merchant	13	10 75
Freeman, R B, Philipsburg, Jeweler	14	7 75
Fleck, H M do Grocer	14	7 75
Feistel, A R & Co do Jeweler	14	7 75
Files & Plank do Grocers	14	7 75
Flanagan, J H do Boots and Shoes	14	7 75
Frank, L B, Rebersburg, Merchant	13	10 75
Fisher, J B, Penn Hall do	13	10 75
Green, F Potts, Bellefonte, Druggist	13	10 75
Galbraith, F do Jeweler	14	7 75
Glenn, D M do Tobacco & Cigars	14	7 75
Garman, D & Son do Merchants	13	10 75
Gray, J F do Grocer	14	7 75
Graham, A E, Blanchard, Grocer & Novelty	14	7 75
Galoon, H, Coburn, Merchant	13	10 75
Griest, T E, Fleming, do	14	7 75
Griest, A J do do	12	13 25
Goheen & Gates, Penn Furnace, Merchant	14	7 75
George, M E, Philipsburg, Druggist	13	10 75
Gray, Q V do Merchant	8	30 75
Graham & Hurd, do Opera House	1	50 75
Grenoble Store Co, Spring Mills, Merchant	13	10 75
Gray, R J P, Stormstown, do	13	10 75
Griffin, J H do do	14	7 75
Glascow, J W, Coburn, Novelty & Grocer	14	7 75
Gilliland & Murray, Snow Shoe, Merchant	14	7 75
Harris Jas. & Co., Bellefonte, Hardware	10	20 75
Harper, Jared do Grocer	13	10 75
Harper, J A & Co. do Merchant	12	13 25
Harris, John P, Beaver Mills, do	14	7 75
Hoover & Emerick, Benore, do	13	10 75
Hoover Gates & Gilliam, Benore, do	13	10 75
Harper & Cramer, Centre Hall do	13	10 75
Hosterman, F O, Feidler do	13	10 75
Hoover, J W, Fleming do	13	10 75
Helter, D E, Howard, Grocer	14	7 75
Hoover, Wm, Hannah, Merchant	14	7 75
Houser & Lenker, Lemont do	13	10 75
Hess, J G, Pine Grove do	14	7 75
Haworth, G W, Philipsburg, Confectioner	14	7 75
Hirlinger, C G Est do Clothier	11	15 75
Hale, J M & Co do Hardware	9	25 75
Hoffer, H O do Novelty	14	7 75
Harper, A W do Confectioner	14	7 75
Herrman, George do Merchant	14	7 75
Hess Wm, Philipsburg Merchant	14	7 75
Harding, J C, Philipsburg, Boots and Shoes	14	7 75
Harter & Lose, Rebersburg, Merchants	13	10 75
Hirsh, F, Retort do	14	7 75
Hoy & Yearick, Walker do	14	7 75
Hockman S F Zion do	14	7 75
Heuser Emanuel Heuserville do	14	7 75
Howell J Irvin Coburn do	13	10 75
Haynes R J Snow Shoe do	14	7 75
Holmes M E Milesburg do	14	7 75
Hugg Enoch do do	14	7 75
Hibler John do do	14	7 75
Irvin Daniel Julian do	13	10 75
Jackson R A Powelton do	13	10 75
Joseph Bros & Co Bellefonte do	8	30 75
Jones Alfred Philipsburg Hardware	11	15 75
Jenkins & Gilmore do Queensware Tea and Coffee	14	7 75
Johnston J E do Grocer	13	10 75
Keplinger W C & Co Bellefonte Druggist	13	10 75
Kelchline P F Bellefonte Tobacconist	14	7 75
Kerlin A E Centre Hill Merchant	14	7 75
Kaufman D S Millheim do	13	10 75
Kessler Leonard Philipsburg Merchant	8	30 75
Kessinger T L & Co Hublersburg Merchant	14	7 75
Korman H P Oak Hall Merchant	14	7 75
Lewin S Bellefonte Clothier	13	10 75
Lyon & Co do Merchants	9	25 75
Loeb A do do	10	20 75
Loeb Simon do Clothier	14	7 75
Lucas & Bro Howard Merchants	13	10 75
Long R P do Grocer	14	7 75
Lehman Joseph Philipsburg Clothier	13	10 75
Lehman Henry do Merchant	10	20 75
Long J D Spring Mills do	13	10 75
Long C P do do	13	10 75
Long L E Lemont Lumber	14	7 75
Lucas Wm Snow Shoe Merchant	14	7 75
Lucas J T Moshannon do	14	7 75
Musser M M Aaronsburg Merchant	13	10 75
McCalmont & Co Bellefonte Agri'l Implement Coal and Grain	12	13 25
McFarlane Robert do Hardware	10	20 75
McKee H A do do	10	20 75
Moyer A C & Bro do Grocers	13	10 75
Klinge A C do Boots and Shoes	13	10 75
Montgomery & Co do Tailors	13	10 75
Meese John do Merchant	13	10 75
Meyer W T do Novelty	14	7 75
McCoy & Linn do Merchants	14	7 75
McClain & Co do do	12	13 25
Murray J D Centre Hall Druggist	14	7 75
Meyer G J & Son Coburn Confectioners	14	7 75
Moore H A Howard Druggist	14	7 75
Meyer & Bros Linden Hall Grain and Coal	14	7 75
Miles W B & Son Milesburg Merchants	13	10 75
Myers T J Philipsburg Confectioner	14	7 75
Munson C & Son do Merchants	12	13 25
McCloskey John do Pool	1	30 75
Miller W R Est Sandy Ridge Merchant	12	13 25
Musser Wm Millheim Pool	1	30 75
Miller W H Walker Merchant	14	7 75
Musser J A Millheim Boots and Shoes	14	7 75
Mann J F & Co Axe Mann Merchants	14	7 75
Mattern H J Benore do	14	7 75
Meese George Tusseyville do	14	7 75
Masters W B Clarence do	13	10 75
Noll W H Jr & Bro Pleasant Gap Merchant	13	10 75
Nutall John & Co Philipsburg do	12	13 25
Neff Mrs. & Son Milesburg Grocery	14	7 75
Neff Charles E do Merchant	14	7 75
Obrien James O Bellefonte Pool & Billiards	4	60 75
Owen M & Son Philipsburg Hardward Farm Imp	13	10 75
Philips W H Aronsburg Merchant	13	10 75
Powers E L Bellefonte Boots & Shoes	14	7 75
Peck & Son Nittany Merchants	14	7 75
Pringle S R, Port Matilda Merchant	14	7 75
Parker, Geo E, Philipsburg, Stationery	14	7 75
Parapenzer, Albert, Philipsburg, Grocer Flour & Feed	14	7 75
Pottsgrove, G G, Philipsburg, Confectioner	14	7 75
Pealer, Wm, Spring Mills, Merchant	13	10 75
Poorman E. Milesburg, Merchant	14	7 75
Quigley, J A, Blanchard, Merchant	13	10 75
Rowe, W & Bro, Bellefonte, Furniture	13	10 75
Richards, F C, Bellefonte, Jeweler	14	7 75
Rountree, John T, Bellefonte, Grocer	14	7 75
Riley, T F, Boalsburg, Merchant	14	7 75
Rider, M, Gatesburg, Merchant	14	7 75
Ross J Irvin, Lemont, Merchant	13	10 75
Ross, J H, Linden Hall, Merchant	13	10 75
Reese, A W, Port Matilda, Merchant	14	7 75
Ryman, E A, Philipsburg, Grocer	14	7 75
Russ, John, Philipsburg, Confectioner	14	7 75
Rhodes, W S, Philipsburg, Druggist	14	7 75
Riddle, Walter & Bro. Philipsburg, Merchants	14	7 75
Robb, Wm, Romola, Merchant	14	7 75
Robison, Abe, Snowshoe, Merchant	14	7 75
Rhodes, Daniel, Loveville, Merchant	14	7 75
Spiegelmyer, G R, Bellefonte, Merchant	14	7 75
Sechler & Co, Bellefonte, Grocer	11	15 75
Stitzer, H Y, Bellefonte, Stationer	14	7 75
Schroyer, H H, Bellefonte, Carpets etc	14	7 75
Stewart, J T, Boalsburg, Merchant	13	10 75
Singer, Wm, Blanchard, Merchant	14	7 75
Snyder, M D, College, Merchant	13	10 75
Slagle & Holmes, College, Grocers	14	7 75
Strohm, H M, Centre Hill, Merchant	14	7 75
Smith, M, Guyer, Merchant	14	7 75
Stover, J W, Millheim, Grocer & Notions	14	7 75
Spigelmyer, M C Millheim, Merchant	14	7 75
Smith, J C, Millheim, Hardware	13	10 75
Stover, L B, Madisonburg, Merchant	14	7 75
Shaeffer & Son, Nittany, Merchant	13	10 75
Stuart, John W, Oak Hall, Grain & Coal	14	7 75
Stuart, John W, College, Grain and Coal	14	7 75
Stevens, Geo, Port Matilda, Merchant	13	10 75
Swires & Homer, Philipsburg Merchant	13	10 75
Saxton, W R, Philipsburg, Druggist	14	7 75
Sankey & Marks, Philipsburg, Boots & Shoes	13	10 75
Stuart, H S, do Furniture	14	7 75
Switzer, Misses L J & K, Philipsburg, Stationers	14	7 75
Swartz, S M, Tusseyville, Merchant	14	7 75
Solt, David, Zion, Merchant	13	10 75
Stam, J W, Millheim, Merchant	14	7 75
Swartz & Dubbs, Bellefonte, Farm Implements	14	7 75
Twitmire, W T, Bellefonte, Stove & Tinware	14	7 75
Thompson John I, Lemont, Grain and Coal	14	7 75
Thompson & Smith, Potters Mills, Merchants	14	7 75
Troxel, I N, Philipsburg, Merchants	12	13 25
Tremble, A E, Philipsburg, Merchants	14	7 75
Waite, J S, Bellefonte, Farm Implements	13	10 75
Williams, S H, Bellefonte, Wall Paper	13	10 75
Wilkinson, W H, Bellefonte, Queensware	13	10 75
Weber, J H, Boalsburg, Merchant	14	7 75
Wolf, Wm & Son, Centre Hall, Merchants	12	13 25
Wigton, R B & Son, Guyer, Merchants	13	10 75
Weber & Son, Howard, Merchants	13	10 75
Williams, W S, Martha, Merchants	14	7 75
Weaver, D H, Pine Grove Merchant	14	7 75
Wythe & Huffington, Philipsburg, Merchants	10	20 75
Wolf, John A, Philipsburg, Furniture	14	7 75
Wolf, R M, Woodward, Merchant	13	10 75
Youngman, W H, Millheim, Merchant	12	13 25
Yearick, Thomas, Aronsburg, Merchant	14	7 75
Yearick, N H, Walker, Merchant	14	7 75
Zeller & Son, Bellefonte, Druggist	13	10 75
Ashcroft Peter, Philipsburg, Tavern		150 75
Brandon Geo B, Bellefonte, do		150 75
Eby N W, Woodward, Distiller		100 75
Garman Daniel, Bellefonte, Tavern		150 75
Haag Gotlieb, Pleasant Gap, Distiller		100 75
Kohlbecker Alois, Milesburg, Tavern		75 75
Myer D J, Centre Hall, do		150 75
Musser Wm S, Millheim do		150 75
Nolan Mary E, SnowShoe do		75 75
Parker Wm Philipsburg do		150 75
Passmore James, Philipsburg do		150 75
Row S B, do do		150 75
Robb Henry, Nittany do		75 75
Suhl D H, Spring Mills, do		75 75
Showers & Cardon, Philipsburg do		150 75
Shaffer Reuben V, Coburn do		75 75
Teller W R, Bellefonte, do		150 75
Uzzle John G, SnowShoe do		75 75
Van Valin O W & Co, Coburn, Distiller		100 75

An appeal will be held at the Commissioners office in Bellefonte, on Saturday the 25th day of May A. D. 1889 between the hours of 9 and 4 o'clock when and where persons interested may attend if they think proper.

M. F. RIDDLE, Mercantile Appraiser.

Sewing on Buttons.

"When I get a bright idea I always want to help it along," said a lady as she sat watching a young girl sewing. Do your buttons ever come off, Lena?"

"Ever? They're always doing it. They are ironed off, washed off, and pulled off until I despair. I seem to shed buttons at every step." "Make use of these two hints when you are sewing them on, then, and see if they make any difference. When you begin, before you lay the button on the cloth, put the thread through, so that the knot will be on the right side. That leaves it under the button and prevents it from being worn or ironed away, and thus beginning the loosening process."

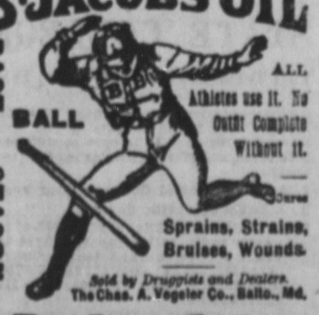
"Then before you begin sewing, lay a large pin across the button, so that all your thread will go over the pin. After you have finished filling the holes with thread, draw out the pin, and wind your thread round and round beneath the button. That makes a compact stem, to sustain the possible pulling and wear of the buttonhole."

"It is no exaggeration to say that my buttons never come off, and I'm sure your's won't if you use my method of sewing."—*Youth's Companion.*

Didn't Like It.

"Did you ever see a play, Aunt Martha?" asked a lady of an elderly aunt from the country, who was spending a week in the city.

"Yes I did," was the reply. "When your Uncle Peter and me were married, we came to the city on our bridal tower, and we went to see one of Mr. Shakespeare's pieces, called 'How Do You Like It?' And I didn't like it a bit, and I ain't been there since." *Youth's Companion.*


St JACOBS OIL
BASE BALL SEASON.
ALL Athletes use it. No Outfit Complete Without it.
Cures Sprains, Strains, Bruises, Wounds.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers.
The Chas. A. Vogeler Co., Balto., Md.
For Cure of SPRAINS & STRAINS use St. Jacobs Oil
Cures PROMPTLY AND PERMANENTLY WITHOUT RETURN OF PAIN.
DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS EVERYWHERE
THE CHAS. A. VOGELER CO. BALTO. MD.

The Flemings Lose to State College.

The game of ball on Saturday between the Flemings and the State College team was a very pretty exhibition. The defeat of the Flemings goes to show that no matter how strong a club may be, if they are without practice they will eventually be downed. The superior team work of the College club showed on Saturday. Harry Leyden, of State College, was the umpire and his judgment on calls and strikes was rank, the Flemings not being favored any by his decisions. Some of the pretty plays of the game were the fielding of Ellenberger and C Musser, a double play by Mattern and Harpster and also a magnificent throw by Cunningham, Harpster's catching was first class. John Mitchell, a professional pitcher lately released by the Phillies and now under contract by Minneapolis, played left field and pitched for the College team. The magnificent work of Ellenberger and Woodcock in the box deserves special mention.

The coaching of Orbison and Quigley kept the crowd amused and was one of the features.

On Decoration Day, if the boys will practice some, the College team will be down and a good game is promised. The score follows:

FLEMING				A.B	R	B.H	P.O	A	E
Mattern—1b				4	0	0	9	1	0
Woodcock—p				4	0	0	1	19	1
Cunningham—1f				4	1	1	0	1	0
Hamill—s.s				4	0	0	0	0	1
McKnight—2b				4	0	1	1	2	1
Orbison—c f				4	1	0	0	0	0
Cassidy—3B				3	1	0	1	0	0
Harpster—c				3	0	1	15	5	1
Quigley—r.f				3	1	0	0	0	0
Totals				33	4	3	27	29	4

P. S. C.				A.B	R.	B.H	P.O	A	E
Musser C—1B				5	0	1	11	0	4
Brew—c.f				2	3	1	0	0	0
McLean—c				4	1	1	12	6	2
Mock—3B				4	3	1	1	0	1
Aull—2B				5	0	0	2	0	1
Mitchell—lf & p				4	2	1	0	4	0
Jackson—r.f				3	0	0	0	0	0
Musser F—ss				4	0	1	1	0	1
Ellenberger—p & l.f				4	0	0	0	15	0
Totals				35	9	6	27	25	6

P. S. C.	1	0	0	2	0	2	1	1	2—9
FLEMING	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	0—4

Umpire, Leyden.

SUMMARY—Three base hit, McKnight. Struck out—by Woodcock, 15; by Ellenberger and Mitchell, 13, Left on bases—P. S. C.-5, Fleming. 2, Wild pitches—Woodcock, 3. Base on balls—C. Musser, Brew 3, McLean, Mock, Jackson, Double play, Mattern and Harpster. Umpire, Harry Leyden. Scorers, Gossler, Tibbens.

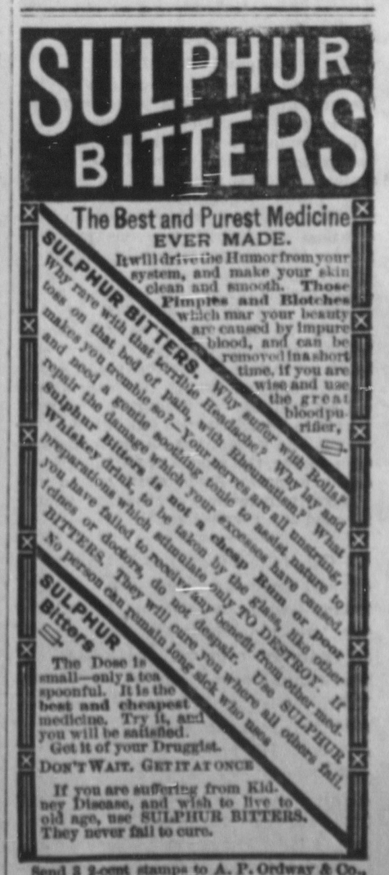
WANTED.—A good girl. Small family Good wages. Address at once, Box 225 Bellefonte, Pa. 13tf

—A copy of the Versailles, Morgan county, Missouri, *Statesman*, of May 2 received at this office, contains complete details of the drowning of Charles W. Decker, the 20-year old son of George Decker, of Versailles. The sad event occurred in Clear Water, a mountain stream near Lewiston, Idaho Territory, on the 16th of April. The two brothers, Ed. and Charley, had gone to this place to engage in lumbering, employing a large number of men. Ed had severely wounded his foot while chopping wood and hence was confined to his room. Charley Decker and a man named Gus Spparing went into the stream and Charley, after swimming gallantly three hundred yards, suddenly sank. At latest accounts his body had not been found. He seems to have been an unusually bright, active and courageous young man and all his friends will feel deeply his death. He has numerous relatives in Centre county who will sympathise with his sorrowing parents.

MUSICAL COLLEGE.—The 35th session of Six Weeks, opens Monday evening, April 29, for the Teaching of Young Ladies in Vocal and Instrumental Music. Address,

F. C. MOYER, Director,
21 13 6t Freeburg, Pa.

"Can't eat a thing." Hood's Sarsaparilla is a wonderful medicine for creating an appetite, regulating digestion, and giving strength.


SULPHUR BITTERS
The Best and Purest Medicine EVER MADE.
It will drive the Humor from your system, and make your skin clean and smooth. Those Pimples and Blotches which mar your beauty are caused by impure blood, and can be removed in a short time, if you are wise and use the great blood purifier,
SULPHUR BITTERS.
Why suffer with Boils? Why lay and suffer with that terrible Headache? Why suffer with Rheumatism? What makes you tremble so?—Your nerves are all unstrung. What you need is a gentle soothing tonic to assist nature to repair the damage which your excesses have caused. Sulphur Bitters is not a cheap Rum or poor Whiskey drink, to be taken by the glass that other preparations which stimulate only TO DESTROY. If you have failed to receive any benefit from other medicines or doctors, do not despair. Use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will cure you where all others fail. No person can remain long sick who uses
SULPHUR Bitters
The Dose is small—only a teaspoonful. It is the best and cheapest medicine. Try it, and you will be satisfied.
Get it of your Druggist.
DON'T WAIT. GET IT AT ONCE
If you are suffering from Kidney Disease, and wish to live to old age, use SULPHUR BITTERS. They never fail to cure.

Send 2 2-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published.

S. S. Institute—Second Day.

JULIAN, May 1, 1889.

A good attendance of interested Sunday school workers gathered for the Wednesday sessions of the United Brethren Sunday school convention. After the morning opening exercises and an address of welcome by the pastor, Rev. A. W. Jackson, the topics "How shall we more deeply interest the members of our church in the Sunday school and how to increase our adult classes?" was opened by Rev. G. W. Emenhizer of Stormstown. Practical remarks were made on the subject by Rev. J. S. Bullock, Joseph Harpster, Rev. D. Sheerer and others. After music the remainder of the session was occupied with Sunday school institute work, conducted by Rev. H. F. Shupe, the topic being "Principles of Instruction," which was presented in an extended blackboard exercise.

The afternoon session was devoted to Institute work and Rev. H. F. Shupe continued the blackboard exercises on the topic, "The Sunday school teacher, his object and his qualifications." Remarks were made by Rev. Bardens of the Baptist church, Mrs. W. A. Jackson, Mr. Williams and others.

At the evening session, after answering the questions in the question box Rev. C. W. Wasson, of Philipsburg, made an address on the subject, "The Family and the Sunday school; the Religious Mission of the Family and the Defects of the Modern Family." The absorbing question of the day then asserted itself, and after several stirring addresses, an organization of the Women's Christian Temperance Union was effected and the names of twenty-four women were enrolled.

$100 REWARD. $100.

The readers of the Republican will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dread disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength, by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address.

F J CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

☞ Sold by Druggists, 75 c.

All Favorable.

After the great centennial event in New York City is ended it is amusing to read some of the newspaper notes regarding the Pennsylvania troops which were in the parade. The tenor of some of these comments shows that those who make them do not know anything about a true soldier's life. It was universally admitted that they marched well and conducted themselves like true soldiers. But, says one, their uniforms were not as beautiful as those of some of the other soldiers. Another says that they were too heavily laden with the "impedimenta of marching troops, that is to say, their knapsacks, blankets, haversacks, canteens, caps and cartridge boxes, etc." We do not think that the soldiers went there for the purpose of displaying handsome uniforms, and in carrying the accoutrements of warfare they only exemplified what they would do in time of war and that they may be prepared for service is the only object of their existence. They comprise the most available troops in the country. Many of the other States were represented by only a few hundred handsomely attired soldiers, while Pennsylvania had 8000 men in parade.

We are proud of Pennsylvania's part in the affair. All the comments are in their favor, and these criticisms are the most favorable of all. Only it would be well for these critics to imbibe some correct idea of what a soldier really should be.

Expand the Mind

By seeing as much as you can of the world. But ere you are either a tourist commercial traveler or emigrant—whether you go by rail, steamship or steamboat, provide yourself with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which the traveling public recognizes as the finest medical safeguard and preventive of sea sickness with which any one journeying by land or water can be provided. It furnishes to the western pioneer adequate protection against malaria, rheumatism, and those disorders of the bowels which miasma tainted water beget. Its sedative effect upon a stomach perturbed by the rocking of a ship is truly magical, and it is a capital appetizer and nerve invigorator. Excellent it is for biliousness and kidney inaction, and it counteracts, in a remarkable degree, the effects of fatigue, physical or mental. After wetting and exposure in inclement weather, it should be used as a preventive.

—Col. John Sobieski, a lineal descendent and namesake of the noble king of Poland bearing that cognomen, lectured to a large audience in the Court House on Thursday evening. Col. Sobieski is now a citizen of this country and was a Union soldier in the war. He has spent his life fighting all sorts of oppression and evil. His lecture on this occasion was designed as a weapon to assist in striking down the liquor business, and it was certainly very effective. The Col. is very jolly. He can talk eloquence and sentiment and he can ridicule successfully. His lecture gave a history of the Prohibition movement and said that the question in Massachusetts was not one of Prohibition as they have that now, but only as to whether the methods of Prohibition should be changed. He willingly and wisely answered the stock in trade objections to prohibition. He never took part in a canvas which promised better results than this in Pennsylvania and he predicts 100,000 majority.

A Scrap of Paper Saves Her Life.

It was just an ordinary scrap of wrapping paper, but it saved her life. She was in the last stages of consumption, told by physicians that she was incurable and could live only a short time; she weighed less than seventy pounds. On a piece of wrapping paper she read of Dr. King's New Discovery, and got a sample bottle; it helped her, she bought a large bottle, it helped her more, bought another and grew better fast, continued its use and is now strong, healthy, rosy, plump, weighing 140 pounds. For fuller particulars send stamp to W H Cole, Druggist, Fort Smith. Trial Bottles of this wonderful Discovery Free at W C Keplinger & Co's Drugstore.

In Memory of a Faithful Pastor and Friend.

At a meeting of the joint Consistory of the Bellefonte charge, a committee was appointed to draft resolutions of respect to the memory of the Rev. W H H Snyder, pastor of said charge, which committee subsequently reported as follows:

WHEREAS, God has been pleased to call home our beloved pastor, the Rev. W H H Snyder, in the prime of a useful life.

Resolved, That we humbly submit to the decree of an allwise Father, whose steps can never err although at times shrouded from our feeble sight.

Resolved, That we place on record our tribute of love and respect to our departed brother as an earnest Christian, a faithful pastor, an affectionate friend and counselor, a devoted husband and father, a good citizen and a man upon whose ear the cry of sorrow never fell without response.

Resolved, That in his death the church below has lost a true and zealous son, the Board of Missions of which he was so long a member, a most efficient officer and the congregations he served an untiring and self-denying minister, the fruit of whose labors will be felt for many years to come.

Resolved, That to the family and kindred of our departed brother, we offer our sincerest sympathy in this their hour of grievous affliction, commending them for comfort to the God of the widow, the fatherless and the sorrowing.

Resolved, That this minute be spread upon the records of the Consistory and be published in the church and local newspapers, and that a copy, suitably engrossed, be presented to the family of the deceased.

D. S. KELLER,
A. LUKENBACH,
THOS. LESH, } Com.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper W. A. NOYES, 149 *Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.*

3 od 26t

The Repealed Fence Law of 1700.

We print the act repealing the fence law of 1700.

The repeal does not affect any special act relating to fences in Centre county, only does away with the general law of 1700, leaving all others in force. The following is the act of 1700 which has been repealed.

1. All cornfields and grounds kept for enclosures, within the said province and counties annexed, shall be well fenced, with fence at least five feet high, of sufficient rail or logs, and close at the bottom, and whosoever, not having their ground enclosed with such sufficient fence as aforesaid, shall hurt, kill or do damage to any horse, kine, sheep, hogs or goats of any other persons, by hunting or driving them out of or from said grounds, shall be liable to make good all damages sustained thereby to the owner of the same.—*Centre Reporter.*

The special act requiring railroads to fence their lines or pay for stock killed is not repealed.

Dr. Theel, the celebrated Specialist, has yet to receive a case of special disease, nervous and kidney disease, or blood poison that he did not promptly arrest in its progress and permanently cure. We would advise all suffering to consult the Doctor, personally or by letter, his knowledge and power of healing is most marvelous. Office 538 North Fourth Street, Philadelphia, Pa

—Since John E. Dubois' mills started up this spring, they have been cutting up lumber at a rate that is remarkable, though really not unusual at this plant. To speak of an output of over 200,000 feet of lumber a day would have been incredible twenty-five years ago; it is said to be the present average on the Dubois mill at present.—*Dubois Courier.*

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

TA-KA-KAKE

TAKE-A-CAKE?

MRS. HENRY WARD BEECHER

Says, "I like it exceedingly."

TA-KA-KAKE is a New Cereal, Sugar Corn Flour, which cooks in 15 minutes, and makes Griddle Cakes, Gems and Muffins that are far more delicious than any made from Wheat Flour or Corn Meal. Ask your grocer for a package. Kept for sale at Eureka Grocery, High St., Bellefonte, Pa.

POTTER & WRIGHTINGTON, Boston.

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I forgot to ask for a 5/A Horse Blanket. Just look at my blanket, now.

"I buy the 5/A Boss Stable Blanket, and always look for this 5/A Trade Mark sewed inside."

Ask your dealer to order for you, either the **5/A Boss Stable**, or one of the following 5/A Horse Blankets:

5/A

5/A Five Mile.
Has Five Miles of Warp Threads.

5/A Electric.
Just the thing for Out-Door Use.

5/A Extra Test.
Something New, Very Strong.

30 other styles
At prices to suit everybody.

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BONANZA to AGENTS SAMPLES FREE both sexes. Write now GEO. A. SCOTT, New York City

EDDY'S POTATO BUG EXTERMINATOR.

This is the only practical machine for dusting Plaster, Paris Green, &c., upon potato vines to destroy the beetle. Send for Illustrated Circular.

Samuel W. Hawley, Media, Delaware Co., Pa. Sole Agent for United States except N. Y. and New England.

☞ If your dealer does not keep them, send $1.50 and I will ship one to your express office. Expenses prepaid.

$85 Solid Gold Watch sold for $100, until lately. Best $50 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value. One Person in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, we send Free, and after you have kept them in your home for 2 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the Watch and Samples. Money all express, freight, etc. Address Gilmore & Co., Box 813, Portland, Maine.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE COLLEGE.

Fall Term Begins Sept. 20th, 1888.

This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:

1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
2. A Latin Scientific course.
3. The following ADVANCED COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the general Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A reorganized Course in Mechanic Arts, Combining shop-work with study.
7. A new Special Course (two years) in Literature and Science, for Young Ladies.
8. A Carefully graded Preparatory Course.
9. Special Courses are arranged to meet the wants of individual students.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, LL.D., *President*, *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*

8-4f

Miscellaneous.

THE ONLY Brilliant Durable Economical DYES

Are Diamond Dyes. They excel all others in Strength, Purity and Fastness. None others are just as good. Beware of imitations—they are made of cheap and inferior materials and give poor, weak, crocky colors.

36 colors; 10 cents each.

Send postal for Dye Book, Sample Card, directions for coloring Photos., making the finest Ink or Bluing (10 cts. a quart), etc. Sold by Druggists or by

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.

For Gilding or Bronzing Fancy Articles, USE DIAMOND PAINTS. Gold, Silver, Bronze, Copper. Only 10 Cents.

Paine's CELERY COMPOUND

CURES	PROOFS
Neuralgia	"Paine's Celery Compound cured my nervous sick headaches." Mrs. L. A. BRENTNER, San Jacinto, Cal.
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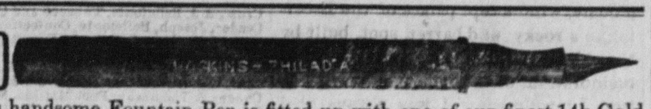
Rheumatism	"It has done me more good for kidney disease than any other medicine." GEO. ABBOTT, Sioux City, Iowa.
Kidney Diseases AND All Liver Disorders	"Paine's Celery Compound has been of great benefit for torpid liver, indigestion, and biliousness." ELIZABETH C. UDALL, Quechee, Vt.

$1.50



This handsome Fountain Pen is fitted up with one of our finest 14k Gold Pens, iridium pointed. Satisfaction guaranteed. Cannot get out of order. With care will last a lifetime. We furnish with each pen a quart bottle of our celebrated Imperial *Waterproof* Intense Black Ink.

The pen is worth $2.50 and you can not equal it for that sum.

Gold Pens of every size, in all styles of holders from $1.00 for Gold Pen and Pearl Holders, upwards.

Do You Want a GOLD PEN?

There are no better Gold Pens than those made by us, we will always exchange till buyer is satisfied.

HOSKIN'S LAP TABLET is a new style Portable Case for stationery; it is made from all the fine leathers, and furnished with our Fountain or Gold Pens. From $2.00 to $5.00 each.

BUY YOUR WRITING PAPER by the Pound. Twice as much for same money as when you buy by the quire.

Send 10 cts for Catalogue and Samples

For 10c to pay postage, we send samples of our 12 New Styles of Pens, Writing Paper we sell by the Pound, Styles of Engraving, and our Illustrated Catalogue of Stationery.

WM. H. HOSKINS & CO., The Leading Stationers, 927 Arch St., Philadelphia.

HAMILTON BUGGY COMPANY,

HAMILTON, OHIO,

Manufacturers of Hamilton Grades of Vehicles.

BUGGIES. CARRIAGES.

EDITORIAL SPECIAL BUGGY OF ANY STYLE VEHICLE.

SPECIAL FEATURES:

Proportion, Durability, Perfection of Finish.

This "Mirror" finish work is the best medium-priced work in the United States.

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE. HAMILTON BUGGY CO.

SALESMEN WANTED to canvass for the sale of Nursery Stock. Steady employment guaranteed. Salary and Expenses paid to successful men. Apply at once, stating age. Mention this paper. CHASE BROS. CO., Rochester, N. Y. 21 18 4t

A GOOD LIVING FOR EVERY MAN WILLING TO WORK

GOOD PAY!

Write to W. & T. SMITH, Nurserymen, Geneva, N. Y., for terms. Unequalled facilities. Many valuable specialties. One of the largest and best known Nurseries in the country—GENEVA NURSERY, Established 1846. 21 17 4t

AGENTS WANTED.—Permanent employment and good salary or commission. Address A. D. PRATT, Nurseryman Rochester, N. Y. 21 17 4t

HINDERCORNS. The only sure Cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Ensures comfort to the feet. 15c. at Druggists. HISCOX & Co., N. Y.

ARE YOU CONSUMPTIVE Have you Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, Indigestion? Use PARKER'S GINGER TONIC. It has cured the worst cases and is the best remedy for all ills arising from defective nutrition. Take in time. 50c. and $1.00. 21 18 4t

DEAFNESS CURED by Peck's Pat. Invisible Tubular Ear Cushions. Whispers heard distinctly. Comfortable. Successful where all remedies fail. Ills. book & proofs free. Address or call on F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway, N. Y. 21 18 4t

BONANZA to AGENTS SAMPLES FREE both sexes. Write now GEO. A. SCOTT, New York City 21 17 4t

RHEUMATIC Sciatic Pains

Weak and Painful Kidneys, Aching Sides, Back and chest, Rheumatic, Sciatic, Sharp, and Muscular Pains, relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only instantaneous pain-killing strengthening plaster. 25 cts.; 5 for $1. At druggists, or of POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON.

PIMPLES Pimples, Blackheads, chapped and oily skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP. 21 17 4t

FARMS BEST Soil, Climate and Location in the South. J F MANCAA, Clarendon, Va. 21 17 4t

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

RED CROSS DIAMOND BRAND.

Original, best, only genuine and reliable pill for sale. Never Fail. Ask for Chichester's English Diamond Brand, in red metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. At Druggists. Accept no other. All pills in pasteboard boxes, plain wrappers, are dangerous counterfeits. Send 4c. (stamps) for particulars and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return mail. 10,000 testimonials from LADIES who have used them. Name Paper.

Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Sq., Phila., Pa. 21 17 4t

I have used Dr. Seth Arnold's COUGH KILLER 14 years; never knew it to fail. Have never heard anything but praise for it. O. B. Cunningham, Entriken, Penn.

Druggists, 25c., 50c., and $1.00.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE BEST IN THE WORLD.

Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not effected by heat. ☞ GET THE GENUINE. FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents Dandruff and hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists. 21 18 4t

SOLID EMERY OIL STONES AND Triple Coated KNIFE SHARPENER

WHOLESALE ONLY BY THE TANITE CO. STROUDSBURG PA. 21 18 4t

HIRES

25c. HIRES' IMPROVED 25c
ROOT BEER!
IN LIQUID NO BOILING BASICLY MADE
THIS PACKAGE MAKES FIVE GALLONS
MAKES FIVE GALLONS DELICIOUS AND SPARKLING

ROOT BEER

The most APPETIZING and WHOLESOME TEMPERANCE DRINK in the world. TRY IT.

Ask your Druggist or Grocer for it.

C. E. HIRES, PHILADELPH.

21 18 4t

ELY'S CREAM BALM CATARRH

Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

HAY-FEVER

TRY THE CURE.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents. ELY BROTHERS, 56th Warren St., New York. 21 17 4t

Election Returns of Centre County in 1864 on the question of allowing soldiers to vote. The whole democratic party with few exceptions vote against the boys in blue.

We have been asked how the vote stood in Centre County, on the question of allowing soldiers to vote. The election was held in 1864 and, this county voted against allowing the boys at the front who were engaged in a struggle with rebellion, the right to vote. Below we give the returns of townships and boroughs. It will be seen that there was a majority against the soldiers of 195.

	For	Against
Bellefonte	144	88
Milesburg	60	28
Unionville	40	26
Boggs	172	68
Benner	66	121
Burnside	27	22
Curtin	8	27
Ferguson	12	159
Gregg	48	247
Haines	72	178
Halfmoon	85	31
Harris	200	111
Howard	105	48
Huston	70	21
Liberty	90	21
Marion	88	71
Miles	10	189
Patton	62	39
Rush	98	41
Penn	28	232
Potter	124	278
Spring	138	96
Snow Shoe	50	65
Taylor	30	65
Union	81	3
Walker	120	108
Worth	41	82
Total	2056	2341

A SALARY.

With expenses paid will come handy to anyone who is not out of employment, especially where no previous experience is required to get the position, see advertisement on page headed, "A Chance to Make Money."

Dates, 8 cents per pound, at the Eureka Grocery Co. store.

No Prince Need Apply.

Lancaster Intelligencer.

The eldest son of the Prince of Wales and an heir to the British throne is twenty-five years old and unmarried, and as public feeling is strong against any more Anglo-German alliances, Sir Edward Sullivan suggests that the prince shall marry an American. Parliament has failed to provide Prince Albert Victor with an income of his own, and as he must apparently marry a Protestant of wealth, his choice among royal families certainly appears limited. Sir Edward admires the American girl and her money and is evidently quite in earnest, but fails to consider the chances of the Prince on this side of the water. Suppose that the carefully selected American girl should shock British royalty with a mitten.

In spite of our worship of titles this is not quite impossible and the glory in refusing might be greater than in accepting. This young man, without any visible means of support, has no claim to special favor save as the descendant of disreputable royal ancestors in a country where royalty is pretty well worn out. There is a fair chance that he may some day sit upon a throne, but the prerogatives of that throne have already been so heavily sat upon by Parliament that nothing is left but a very thin variety of dignity. The thrifty parents of the American girl could not fail to consider these things, and the girl herself might have a genuine American mind of her own that would test the prince severely by his ability and character.

The celebrated Jackson flour is sold at the Eureka Grocery store, Bellefonte, Pa. This is the best flour in the market; Try it.

A Marriage That Cost a Woman $2,275.

About ten years ago Mrs. Malinda Skelly, of Millersburg, Berks county, applied to the Pension Office at Washington, for a pension but no pension was granted. A short time ago she became tired of living alone and found a suitor by the name of Andersen. The couple decided to marry and the ceremony was performed. A week later a letter was received from the Pension Department granting a pension of $8 per month and arrearages to the amount of $2,275 to Mrs. Malinda Skelly, but there was no one by that name living at the place, for her name was changed to Malinda Anderson, and the long-looked for pension could not be legally received. The voucher had to be returned to the department. But for a mistake of eight days in being to hasty the aged couple would have been $2,275 wealthier than they are now.

All kinds of salt fish at the Eureka Grocery Co., store—cod, shad, mackerel, lake herring, ciscoe, white fish, &c, and cheap to try them, fine goods.

A Supposed Pauper Worth $80,000.

A Mt. Holly, N. J., dispatch says:

When Henry O. D. Banks died here about a fortnight ago from consumption, it was the general impression that he was in destitute circumstances, as he had told a number of persons that he was, and consequently, there was a general expression of surprise when it was learned that he had left a personal estate of $80,000. He was a very eccentric person and was almost an entire stranger to everyone. One of the bequests of the will is $5,000 to Mr. A. L. Smith, of Media, Pa.,

We still have some of those New York Baldwin apples. They have been picked over and are sound and in good condition. Just the thing to make nice apple sauce. Call and get some at the Eureka Grocery store, next door to Post-Office, Bellefonte Pa.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Here's the obituary for Old Rum after June 18th.

Old Rum is dead,
Jam him in a coffin;
We don't have the chance
For such a funeral often.

—Prof. Segadlo has organized a dancing class in this place.

—Potatoes are selling in Lock Haven for 25 cents per bushel.

—On Friday, the 17th, very delightful exercises will be held in the public schools.

—Thieves are too numerous in Millheim to be at all agreeable to the people of that place.

—The death is announced of the venerable Daniel Hoover, a teamster well known in this community. His death occurred on Wednesday morning.

—People who saw the industrial parade in Bellefonte on Thursday and the one in New York on Wednesday say that the Bellefonte parade was far better.

—Mr. F. C. Richards expects to erect two small but neat and wellfinished dwelling houses on the rear end of his lot, facing on Lamb street, during the present summer.

—Mr. Dunkle, father of John and Thomas Dunkle, died quite suddenly on Tuesday evening. Mr. Dunkle made his home with his son, Mr. Thomas Dunkle, in this place.

—Governor Beaver's splendid horsemanship, in view of the fact that he has but one leg, excited admiration all along the line of Tuesday's big parade.—*Philadelphia Times.*

—The net proceeds from the supper given in Y M C A building, on Monday evening, for the benefit of the Association, were $65.27, which is certainly a most excellent result.

—The fair and festival began very successfully in the Roman Catholic church on Thursday with a fine display of beautiful articles. It will be continued every afternoon and evening.

—It seems that the Centennial banquet in New York was turned into a drunken orgy. Champagne was handed out freely and men and women behaved in a disgraceful manner.

—The Postmaster General has issued an order modifying postal regulations so that hereafter letters not stamped or not sufficiently stamped, will be delivered to the address, where the postage will be collected.

—Thirty-two of the women who signed S. B. Brumbaugh's application for a distiller's license in South Woodbury township, Bedford county, have withdrawn their names. Brumbaugh has 6,800 gallons of whiskey on hand.

—The Summer tourists, better known as tramps, are now swarming about the country willing to eat the bread of some one who is more willing to work than himself. Put them to breaking stones and they will give the town the go by.

—The good and kind people of Milesburg and vicinity raised sufficient funds to send Mrs. Thos. Maffett to a Philadelphia hospital to be treated for a tumor that now endangers her life. She left on the evening train of Tuesday last.

—On April 2 Jackson Bush moved from Georges Valley to the vicinity of Centre Hall. Since then his mother-in law and one of his sons have died and two other sons have been dangerously ill. All is attributed to exposure on moving day.

—Mr. George Tome, a prominent citizen of Jersey Shore, Lycoming county, fell dead on Thursday while in Gloucester, New Jersey. Mr. Tome was a brother of Mrs. D. G. Bush of this place. He was about 45 years of age, a bachelor and enjoying the very best health. He frequently visited Bellefonte and was known to many of our citizens. The news of his sudden death was a great shock to his relatives and friends.

—The smart young man who wrote for the Millheim *Journal* last week ventilated himself in the following sentences which we quote: "Harrison's administration can beat this. In the Navy yard at Philadelphia two thousand men are now employed to do the work of two hundred and fifty men under Cleveland, and receive on an average five dollars per day, when under Democratic rule they received two dollars and fifty cents. In other words it costs $10,000 to do the same work under Republican rule that costs $625 under Cleveland's administration.' While it is not often that Democratic papers tell the truth, we hope the above statement is true. What does it prove? That there is eight times as much work at double the wages under Republican rule that there is under the Democratic regime. This is a showing which no citizen will object to. The Government has a surplus and what better thing can it do than to spend it in employing men at fair wages? If the administration would build ships and coast defenses to a sufficient extent to give work to every man now out of employment the most prosperous times would be ushered in at once. This record that the Republican administration gives work to more men at higher wages is just what was promised and behold we have the testimony of a Democrat to prove its realization.

"WON'T ACCEPT THE POST OFFICE."

COMRADE JOHN A. DALEY VISITS WASHINGTON, MEETS MANY NOTABLES AND SENDS INTERESTING NOTES AND REMINISCENERS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 1, 1889.

I have been here one week. I was here one year ago. Congress was then in session and Grover occupied the position now so honorably filled by Gen. Harrison. The first thing to attract the notice of the visitor when coming here is the Washington Monument, and the magnificent dome of the Capitol. No American can look at these lofty structures and not feel proud that he is an American. The Capitol building covers 3½ acres and is surrounded by a beautiful park artistically laid out and containing about fifty acres. The Washington monument is of marble (plain on the outside), 55 feet square at the base, 35 feet at the top and 555 feet high—thirty feet higher than any other structure in the world.

The Pension building is the "youngest" building here. Yet it has not all the modern improvements. For instance, an elevator. Above all other conveniences, this building should have an elavator to carry the wounded, diseased and crippled soldiers who now visit this department. "Corporal" James Tanner is now the Commissioner of Pensions and for the first time in the military history of this or any other country a corporal has superseded and relieved from command and duty a General (Black).

Everything "goes on the rush" here, even to burying the dead. Life seems too short to go slow in the funeral procession so they drive on a trot.

Some fine military companies left here to attend the Centennial at New York. I was at the depot when they left and the fife and drum caused me in memory to live over again "the days that tried men's souls"—1861 to 65.

I spent a pleasant evening at the residence of the Hon. Nichols, M. C., from North Carolina, and there met several ex-confederate colonels and captains. We fought our battles over again in peaceful reminiscences. I also had a pleasant interview with Confederate General Joseph E Johnson, who is commissioner of railroads. He paid a high compliment to our War Governor, the Hon. A G Curtin, by saying that he established camps at home and had his soldiers in readiness as well as used to the rigid routine of camp life. After the first battle of Bull Run Presdient Lincoln telegraphed Governor Curtin asking him how many troops Pennsylvania could send and how soon (to save the Capital). Governor Curtin replied, "Ten thousand to-morrow,' This the Confederate knew almost as soon as the Secretary of War, which information no doubt saved Washington. It is left for the future historian to fully chronicle the true worth of our noble War Governor.

I have visited the Navy Yard and inspected the big guns. I was also aboard the 'sloop of war,' Dale, which the 'Boys' of the 15th P. V., will all remember as it lay at anchor in 'Calabogue' Sound, South Carolina. The Ebbitt House is head quarters for Southern men in this city. I met a lawyer there who was from Florence, Alabama. He said he was here 'arter the post-office,as it paid right smart to be a postmaster thar.' I told him I was a lawyer from Curtin township and that I would not accept the post-office at Romola if it was tendered me. He further said—'I own a plantation, sir; and make my own corn and poke, sir; come and see me sir.'

Washington is lovely now. Flowers are in bloom in the many parks and the foliage on the trees is fully developed.

J. A. D.

S. S. Convention.

The Sunday-school convention of Altoona District, Allegheny Conference of the United Brethren church, met in the United Brethren church at Julian, Pa., on the evening of Tuesday, April 30, Rev. D Sheerer, the presiding elder, occupied the chair and the convention was opened with devotional exercises, conducted by Rev. C W Wasson, of Philipsburg. Rev. H F Shupe was elected secretary.

The evening had been set apart for the discussion of the Constitutional Amendment, and Rev. H F Shupe, of Williamsport, Pa., delivered an address to the large audience assembled. After telling how he went out of the saloon business he showed why every other citizen should go out of the business. A distinction was made between the saloon as an institution and the victims of the saloon, and the dishonest methods of the saloon men to influence votes was pointed out. The absurdity of the liquor men's statements concerning the making of cider was shown by the opinions of the Supreme Court and of ex Chief Justice Agnew, which declare that only intoxicating cider will be prohibited, as it is under the present law.

The meeting was enthusiastic and addresses were made by Revs. G W Eminhizer, H L Bardens, of the Baptist church, D Sharer and W A Jackson.

—There was a terrible double tragedy in Jefferson township, Somerset county, on Tuesday morning of this week. Jacob J. Shaulis, a wealthy farmer, was hanged and his young wife was seriously wounded by a rifle ball. Mr. Shaulis' two sons, Daniel and George, were arrested on suspicion of being guilty of the crime. The young men, it is said, were indignant because their father married a young wife and because there was a prospect that there would be other heirs to participate in a division of the estate. Mrs. Shaulis' condition is critical.

Howard Items.

Mr. Fred Kerchoff is home again from Washington.

Wm. Rimart and John Kain left on Tuesday for the bark woods.

Nearly all our young men contemplate going to the lumber woods next week.

George Tipton and Amos Dunkle have secured a large bark job.

D. W. Schenck has the contract to deliver at Lock Haven the bark on the land recently purchased by Shutt and Gardner.

Mrs. Abe Weber and Tom Moore and his lady left for Montana on Tuesday evening's train.

Mrs. George Wister is visiting in Washington City, D. C.

Mrs. Bernard Spangler, of Potters Mills, is visiting her home and many friends here.

Miss Corrilia Thomas, one of Howard's pleasant young ladies, has returned home from an extended visit among friends.

Harry J. Leathers arrived home last Tuesday and departed same day for Curwensville, Pa., where he has secured employment.

Hays Schenck has the finest lot of pure blooded fowls in this place. He realizes from $2 to $3 per dozen for his eggs.

There was quite an enthusiastic Prohibition meeting in the M. E. church, last Tuesday evening.

Will Tipton, an enterprising salesman, has been laid up for some time with lung fever. He is again able to be about.

William Long, son of J. Z. Long, left on Wednesday evening for Chicago where he has secured a position as bookkeeper.

Miss Susie Long, daughter of T. A. Long, having become much worse, was taken to the Danville asylum last Wednesday.

Maurice Miner, our popular jeweler, has his new shop nearly completed. When he paints it red it will be a daisy.

A. A. Schenck, who is agent for agricultural instruments of all kinds, owing to their worth, finds ready sales for them.

Mrs. David McKinny opened her new millinery store on last Thursday.

Reuben Pletcher has been confined to his house for the last two weeks from the effects of a bealed head.

On Wednesday last five persons with eleven horses were entertained at the Syracuse House. During the month of April there were eighty-seven guests entertained by mine host J. L. DeHaas.

Heavy rains of last week raised the water in the Bald Eagle sufficiently to enable A. J. Moore to start with four rafts for Lock Haven, but owing to an accident had to tie up at Beech Creek.

During the month of April the track hands on the railroad received but 88 cents per day. On the 1st of May they received notice that for the future they would receive $1.10 per day.

Will Lucas, whilst engaged in the agreeable duty of escorting two young ladies home from church last Sunday evening, fell over a pile of sand, causing considerable injury to his clothes. He is now after the person who placed the sand on the side walk.

Frances Gallaher, who works at Morris lime kiln at Bellefonte, is laid up from the effects of a fractured arm.

Dr. Thomas Rotherick who is at the University Hospital, Philadelphia, undergoing treatment, is reported to be improving.

On the 30th ult., at nine o'clock a. m., all the church bells in the place were rang and the steam whistles blown in commemoration of the 100th anniversary of the inauguration of President Washington.

Richard Goerdeler's Success.

As an author of piano music is placing him in the front rank of popular American composers. We have just received two of his latest and best efforts, Each one is a gem and is suitable for players of average ability. They sustain Mr. Goedeler's high reputation as a composer of brilliant and fascinating music that catches and holds the popular taste. Moonlight Rhapsody, price 50 cents, and Belle Parisienne Gavotte, price 35 cents. For the purposes of introduction the publishers will send both compositions and a copy of the *Philadelphia Musical Journal* to any address for 50 cents. Address F. A. North & Co., 1308 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

—Mr. John O'Keefe, who addressed a large audience in the Court House on Wednesday evening in behalf of the Knights of Labor, explaining its objects and aims, produced a good impression. He treated on all the different parts of the labor question and of subjects connected therewith. We hope that his efforts will be productive of benefit among the laboring men.

—Several dealers in oleomargarine were captured in Clearfield county on Saturday and the result is they will be called upon to make an outlay of about one hundred dollars each, which is the fine besides the costs following a suit.

HOUSERVILLE HAPPENINGS!

Affairs, Great and Small, in a Very Lively Community.

Houserville opens the lawn festival season, holding one on the lawn around the parsonage last Saturday evening. Rev. Emenhizer will make it pleasant for those who attend.

Lemont will not be much behind in the festival enterprise as we hear that the young American Cornet Band of that place will indulge in a festival on Friday and Saturday, the 10th and 11th.

Among those who are on the sick list may be enumerated, first Mrs. Jacob Shuey, who has experienced very much sickness the past winter and who was very low on Thursday night, the 2nd inst. Mrs. Ira Lyle is also ill with fever. The baby at Mr. G. S. Keller's house is ill with the whooping cough.

Mr. George Keller is having the interior of his house thoroughly remodeled.

Irvin Wirtz meets with success in canvassing for books, largely we suppose because the books he represents are in demand.

It won't be out of place for us to notice the fact that John Williams has been appointed to be mail carrier between Lemont and Houserville. He succeeds Mr. Cronemiller, who was the mail carrier during the past eight years. It will be some time yet, however, before Mr. Williams begins his duties.

Mr. Shutt, Mr. Coble and the latter's son, are now at Buffalo Run, where they went to erect a barn.

Barn building is in active progress, William Grove and William Thompson both being engaged at that work.

The Union Sunday-school at this place is enjoying a season of prosperity. It is held in the Reformed church. The officers are: Superintendent, J. B. Mayes; Manager, William Coble; Secretary, Emanuel Shuey; Librarians, U. G. Coble and D. H. Bottorf.

The summer school which began on the 22d of April contains many pupils and is interesting. Mr. J. D. Shellenberger is the teacher.

Mr. R. C. Palmer, who is connected with our great and prosperous woolen mills, is now putting attractive new paper on some of the rooms of his house.

The farmers have been planting corn and will soon have that work finished.

J. B. Mayes & Co., are kept busy filling numerous orders. We notice a fine tombstone recently erected by them over the grave of Mrs. Samuel Wirtz. They do good work.

Mr. West Dale and his wife recently moved from Houserville to DuBois City and have now settled down at Morris & Co's lime kilns.

APPLE BLOSSOM.

Mt. Eagle Etchings.

MAY 1, 1889.

On Monday last Mr. J B Leathers met with a very serious accident. His left hand was terribly torn and one finger sawed off by coming in contact with a saw in his handle factory. The accident is exceedingly painful.

Wm. H W Reeder has opened his school with a large number of pupils.

C N Leathers departed on the first instant for McKeesport.

C R Hicklen paid his parents a short visit this week.

Mr. A R Bathurst has completed Mr. Boney's house and Mr. B. will move in on Thursday of this week.

Miss Jennie Randall and Mrs. E T Hicklen visited Howard on Wednesday.

N S Sanders was visiting friends in Flemington over Sunday.

Mabel Heverly is recovering from an attack of catarrh fever.

Mr. Joseph Dunkel received the sad news of the death of his father in Bellefonte.

On the 21st of April Rev. Headly, of the Christian church, closed a meeting which was very successful. It lasted three weeks during which forty persons were added to the church, thirty-two by baptism. The congregation will likely soon begin the erection of a church building and already have a large sum of money subscribed for that purpose.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

—The road engine and large separator with a traction attachment which was out on exhibition on Thursday afternoon attracted considerable attention. It made its way up High street, quite a large number of boys riding on the separator and enjoying it very much. When it ascended the steep hill at the side of the Court House and jail the boys got off and the engine rested only three times on the way up. The descent was made without accident or difficulty. It made some very close and skillful turns in the Diamond and gave an interesting exhibition.

Bucklin's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by W. C. Keplinger & Co.

Only Temperance Bitters Known.

VINEGAR BITTERS

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VINEGAR BITTERS

NEW STYLE PLEASANT TASTE

The Most Perfect Medical Preparation of the Age.

The New Style Vinegar Bitters

Is of a clear, dark reddish amber color. It has a delicious taste. It is a most invigorating tonic. It is a gentle and painless, but thorough cathartic It contains no opium. It contains no poison or hurtful drug of any sort.

New Style Vinegar Bitters purifies the blood, beautifies the complexion, strengthens the nerves, muscles and brain, drives away malaria, and keeps the system so strong as to enable it to repel infectious diseases and epidemics generally.

The organs of the body most given to shirking their regular work are the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys. A medicine that stimulates these organs into healthy action without causing pain, is invaluable.

New Style Vinegar Bitters does this, and it does the work permanently. It never robs Peter to pay Paul, as alcoholic and other (so-called)remedies do. It is a most grateful, healing medicine to all who are troubled with piles, for it relieves at once, and soon cures this most painful disorder.

It aids digestion, cures constipation, headache, billious complaints, feverishness, neuralgia, nervous diseases of every sort, and every class of skin disease known.

As a Family Medicine, for the use of ladies, children and men of sedentary habits, the New Style Vinegar Bitters has no equal in the world. It is invaluable for curing the ills that beset childhood, and gently regulates the diseases to which women at every period of life are subject.

Ladies, get a bottle from your druggist and try it. If your druggist has not the New Style Vinegar Bitters, ask him to send for it. If you once try it you will never be without this priceless remedy in the house.

VINEGAR BITTERS.

The only Temperance Bitters known

It stimulates the brain and quiets the Nerves, regulates the Bowels and renders a perfect blood circulation through the human veins, which is sure to restore perfect health.

GEO W DAVIS of 169 Baronne St., New Orleans La., writes under date May 26, 1888, as follows: "I have been going to the Hot Springs, Ark., for fifteen years for an itching humor in my blood I have just used three bottles of Vinegar Bitters,and it has done me more good than the Springs. It is the best medicine made."

JOSEPH J EAGAN, No. 75 West St., New York, says: "Have not been without Vinegar Bitters for the past twelve years, and consider it a whole medicine chest in our family."

MRS. MATTIE FURGUSON, Dryden, N Y, says: "Vinegar Bitters is the best medicine I ever tried; it saved my life."

T F BAILEY, of Humboldt, Iowa, says: "Vinegar Bitters cured me of paralysis ten years ago,and recently it cured me of rheumatism."

MRS WM A DAVIS, of Camden, N J, says: "I have suffered greatly from indigestion and bowel troubles, and Vinegar Bitters gave me great relief

JAMES H DWYER, of Webster, Mass., writes, "I always use Vinegar Bitters as a spring medicine, and have the best of health."

L COLEMAN, of 77 Montgomery St., New York, writes: "I find your Vinegar Bitters a first-class tonic."

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5	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic	.25
6	Cholera Morbus, Vomiting	.25
7	Coughs, Cold, Bronchitis	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25

HOMEOPATHIC

10	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12	Whites, too Profuse Periods	.25
13	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16	Fever and Ague, Chills, Malaria	.50
17	Piles, Blind or Bleeding	.50
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.50
20	Whooping Cough, Violent Coughs	.50
24	General Debility, Physical Weakness	.50
27	Kidney Disease	1.00
28	Nervous Debility	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed	.50
32	Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation	1.00

SPECIFICS.

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.—HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO. 109 Fulton St. N.Y.

$33 Sewing-Machine FREE

To at once establish trade in all parts, have given away ... machines and goods where the people can see them, we will send free to one person in each locality,the very best sewing-machine made in the world, with all the attachments. We will also send free a complete line of our costly and valuable art samples. In return we ask that you show what we send, to those who may call at your house, and after 3 months all shall become your own property. This grand machine is made after the Singer patents, which have run out, before patents run out it sold for $100, with the highest cost, and now sells for $25.00. Best, strongest, most useful machine in the world. All is free. No capital required. Plain, brief instructions given. Those who write to us at once can secure free the best sewing-machine in the world, and the finest line of works of high art ever shown together in America. TRUE & CO., Box 740, Augusta, Maine.

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DON'T BUY YOUR Rubber Boots until you have seen the "COLCHESTER" with "Extension Edge" & Napoleon Top. This is the best fitting and MOST DURABLE BOOT in the market. Made of the Best PURE GUM stock. The "Extension Edge" protects the upper, adds to wear of the Sole by giving broader treading surface, AND SAVES MONEY FOR THE WEARER.

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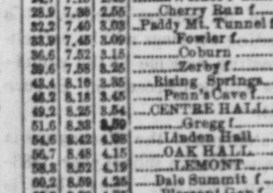

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For Farming and other hauling. Our improved axle will not bend under the heaviest load. Within the reach of all. For full particulars, address

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RAILROADS

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—TIME Table, November 26, 1888.

EASTWARD A. M	P. M		WESTWARD A. M	P. M
8 10	7 15	Leave....Tyrone....Arrive	11 55	6 37
8 20	7 28	....Vail....	11 45	6 24
8 25	7 33	....Bald Eagle....	11 38	6 19
8 30	7 39	....Dix f....	11 32	6 12
8 32	7 42	....Fowler f....	11 29	6 09
8 36	7 46	....Hannah f....	11 24	6 05
8 48	7 55	....Port Matilda....	11 12	5 56
8 51	8 05	....Martha....	11 09	5 47
8 59	8 15	....Julian....	11 00	5 35
9 10	8 25	....Unionville....	10 48	5 24
9 18	8 35	....Snow Shoe Int....	10 38	5 14
9 22	8 39	....Milesburg....	10 35	5 10
9 32	8 49	....Bellefonte....	10 25	5 00
9 47	9 01	....Milesburg....	10 12	4 48
10 01	9 11	....Curtin....	10 01	4 38
10 06	9 17	....Mount Eagle f....	9 54	4 32
10 16	9 27	....Howard....	9 44	4 22
10 30	9 40	....Eagleville f....	9 30	4 08
10 35	9 45	....Beech Creek....	9 25	4 03
10 50	10 01	....Mill Hall....	9 09	3 48
10 54	10 05	....Flemington f....	9 05	3 45
11 00	10 10	Arr....Lock Haven....Lea	9 00	3 40

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE RAILROAD — Time Table, November 26, 1888.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6.45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8.45 a m.

Leaves Bellefonte at 10.25 a m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 11.50 a m.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 3.15 p m; arrives at Bellefonte at 5.29 p m.

Leaves Bellefonte at 8.05 p m, arrives at Snow Shoe at 10.00 p m.

S S SLAIR, General Supt.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, Nov. 13th, 1887.

WESTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M.
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 00
Fairbrook	12 40	5 20
Penn's Furnace	1 05	5 40
Hostler f	1 11	5 50
Marengo f	1 17	5 55
Loveville f	1 20	6 00
Furnace Road f	1 27	6 10
Dungarvin	1 30	6 13
Warriors Mark	1 50	6 28
Pennington	2 07	6 45
Weston Mill f	2 20	6 56
L. and T. June	2 25	6 58
Tyrone	2 35	6 58

EASTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M.
Leave Tyrone	4 30	9 20
L. & T. June	4 34	9 25
Weston Mill f	4 40	9 33
Pennington	4 55	9 45
Warriors Mark	5 05	9 58
Dungarvin	5.17	10.09
Furnace Road f	5 20	10 12
Loveville f	5 26	10 16
Marengo f	5 30	10 22
Hostler f	5 40	10 33
Penn's Furnace	5 50	10 44
Fairbrook	6 05	11 00
Scotia	6 25	11 20

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Nov. 20th, 1887.

Dis.	Westward a. m.	p.m.		Eastwar. a.m.	p.m.	p.m
.0	5.50	1.30	....MONTANDON....	5.20	9.10	5.45
1.5	6.15	1.40	Ar..LEWISBURG..Lv	5.20	9.00	5.35
1.5	6.15	1.40	Lv..LEWISBURG..Ar	.....	9.00	5.35
5.4	6.24	1.48	....Biehl f....	.....	8.51	5.26
6.8	6.30	1.55	....Vicksburg f....	.....	8.45	5.20
10.7	6.41	2.05	....MIFFLINBURG....	.....	8.35	5.01
13.1	6.48	2.11	....Barber f....	.....	8.29	5.01
15.2	6.54	2.16	....Swengle f....	.....	8.24	4.56
16.1	6.56	2.20	....Millmont....	.....	8.22	4.53
18.8	7.05	2.30	....LAURELTON....	.....	8.13	4.43
23.6	7.12	2.37	....Pardee f....	.....	8.01	4.30
24.7	7.15	2.40	....Weimer f....	.....	7.57	4.24
28.9	7.30	2.55	....Cherry Run f....	.....	7.48	4.16
32.2	7.40	3.05	....Paddy Mt. Tunnel f....	.....	7.40	4.08
33.9	7.45	3.09	....Fowler f....	.....	7.36	3.57
36.6	7.52	3.15	....Coburn....	.....	7.27	3.55
39.6	7.58	3.26	....Zerby f....	.....	7.19	3.45
43.4	8.10	3.35	....Rising Springs....	.....	7.10	3.35
46.2	8.18	3.45	....Penn's Cave f....	.....	7.00	3.27
49.2	8.25	3.54	....CENTRE HALL....	.....	6.52	3.20
51.6	8.33	4.00	....Gregg f....	.....	6.43	3.13
54.6	8.42	4.08	....Linden Hall....	.....	6.36	3.05
56.7	8.48	4.15	....OAK HALL....	.....	6.30	3.00
58.8	8.52	4.19	....LEMONT....	.....	6.25	2.55
60.2	8.59	4.25	....Dale Summit f....	.....	6.20	2.50
63.9	9.09	4.35	....Pleasant Gap f....	.....	6.10	2.40
65.2	9.14	4.41	....Axeman f....	.....	6.04	2.34
67.4	9.20	4.45	....BELLEFONTE....	.....	6.00	2.30

CHAS E. PUGH ..... General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON ..... General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL ..... Superintendent

BELLEFONTE AND BUFFALO RUN RAILROAD.—On and after Wednesday, August 1, 1888, Trains on the Bellefonte and Buffalo Run Railroad will run as follows, leaving the PENN'A RAIL-ROAD STATION.

EASTWARD. No6	No2	Dis.	STATIONS	Dis.	WESTWARD. No1	No6
P M	A M				A M	P M
6 20	9 10	18	Ar BELLEFONTE Lv	0	6	3 30
6 13	9 00	17	....Scales....	1	6 07	3 55
6 09	8 50	16	....Morris F....	2	6 11	8 42
6 03	8 42	14	....Whitmer F....	4	6 19	3 50
5 57	8 37	12 5	....Hunters....	5 5	6 25	3 56
5 53	8 34	11 —	....Filmore....	6 8	6 29	4 00
5 46	8 27	9 8	....Briarly F....	8 5	6 36	4 07
5 39	8 20	8 —	....Waddles....	10 —	6 43	4 14
5 31	8 12	6 9	....Scotia Crossing F....	11 1	6 53	4 22
5 11	7 56	2 —	....Krumrine....	16 —	7 09	4 38
5 05	7 50	0	Lv STATE COLLEGE Ar	18 —	7 17	4 43

Trains will stop at stations marked "F" when signal is given or notice to Conductor.

Train 2 connects with Trains east and west on B E V R R and S S Branch.

Train 6 connects with Trains east on B E V R R and the S S Branch.

THOS. A. SHOEMAKER, Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after November 25th, 1888.

	WESTWARD		
ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia daily	11 25	p m
"	" Harrisburg "	3 30	a m
"	" Williamsport "	7 10	a m
"	" Jersey Shore "	7 35	a m
"	" Lock Haven "	7 55	a m
"	" Renovo "	8 50	a m
"	arrives Erie "	4 05	p m
NIAGRA EXP.	leaves Phil's week days	7 40	a m
"	" Harrisburg "	11 25	a m
"	arrives at Williamsport "	2 15	p m
"	" Lock Haven "	3 30	p m
"	" Renovo "	4 30	p m
"	" Emporium "	6 25	p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 00	p m
FAST LINE	leaves Philada. week days	11 55	a m
"	" Harrisburg "	3 45	p m
"	" Williamsport "	7 10	p m
"	arrives at Lock Haven "	8 02	p m
"	" Renovo "	9 00	p m
SUNDAY MAIL	leaves Philadelphia week days	4 30	a m
"	" Harrisburg "	7 40	a m
"	" Williamsport "	10 40	a m
"	" Lock Haven "	11 34	a m
"	arrives at Renovo "	12 30	p m
	EASTWARD.		
Sea Shore EXP.	leaves L. Haven w. d	7 00	a m
"	" Jersey Shore "	7 35	a m
"	" Williamsport "	9 00	a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg "	11 30	a m
"	" Philadelphia "	3 15	p m
DAY EXP.	leaves Kane week days	6 25	a m
"	" Renovo "	10 30	a m
"	" Lock Haven "	11 13	a m
"	" Williamsport "	12 30	p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg "	3 15	p m
"	" Philadelphia "	7 30	p m
ERIE MAIL	leaves Erie daily	7 00	p m
"	" Renovo "	11 00	p m
"	" Lock Haven "	11 58	p m
"	" Williamsport "	1 25	a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg "	4 30	a m
"	" Philadelphia "	8 25	a m
RENOVO AC'N	leaves Renovo daily	4 15	p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg "	8 50	p m
"	" Philadelphia "	4 25	a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with train on L S & M S Railway with B P & W N W; at Emporium with C N Y & P R R, and at Driftwood with A V R R.

ROBERT NEILSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Bellefonte Republican,

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Local Department.

—Beautiful nights.

—Delightful spring weather.

—How is your garden growing?

—Warmer temperature is waving.

—The Board of Directors of the Y. M. C. A. met on Monday evening.

—Shall Bellefonte celebrate the Fourth of July in a creditable manner?

Mrs. William McClellan, of this place s visiting relatives, in Philipsburg.

—Quite an army of men employed at present around Gen. Hastings' property.

—Lilac blossoms are adding their beauty and fragrance to the opening spring.

—A very big brass key found on Monday may be recovered by the owner at t he DAILY NEWS office.

—Ambitious vocalists will do well to rise early these mornings and listen to t he merry trills and roundelays of the birds.

—The Band of Hope held its regular meeting in the stone school house on Monday evening—the second meeting held there.

—Mrs. Lambert, who resides on Quaker Hill, died on Saturday of consumption. She is well known lady and leaves a husband and family.

—The tremendous blasting and shooting hereabouts continue early in the morning and late at night, some of the explosions being quite startling.

—Philipsburgers are proposing the erection of a soldiers' monument in that place. Why let them get ahead of Bellefonte in this patriotic measure?

—Mr. Tripple's house on Spring street has been improved with a complete renewal of the weather boards on the outside. Of course, fresh paint will follow.

—Mrs. Annie W. McPike, wife of the senior editor of the Altoona *Times*, died of consumption on Friday evening. We sympathise with our editorial friend in his very great bereavement.

—Mrs. L. C. Bullock, a resident of Milesburg, died on Sunday evening after a long illness. She was a Miss Shirk and was very well known by all the people of that section.

—The tramp is sometimes called a nomad, and when the farmers's dog takes hold of the lower part of the same tramp's anatomy there is nomader man around the country.—*Tyrone Herald.*

—The Catholic fair and festival is now in the height of its greatest success. This and succeeding evenings will be particularly interesting, as some of the principal articles will be disposed of. Be sure to attend it.

—The Catalogue of the Pennsylvania State College—for the school year 1888-'89, has been received. The College is very prosperous now and its annual catalogue, which is full and explicit, is much in demand.

—The exercises of the graduating class of the High School will be held in the Court House on Thursday afternoon the 16th. There will also be exercises of an interesting and appropriate character in the evening.

—Quite a number of new infantile arrivals have recently made their appearance on Lamb street. Mr. Benner Graham is one of the happy individuals who boasts of such an addition to his household, and says the visitor is a boy.

—Mrs. Lydia McKinney died in Tyrone on Monday morning 5:30 o'clock, aged 68 years, 6 months and 26 days. Her maiden name was Lydia Moore, and she was born in Half Moon valley, this county October 11, 1820. Six children survive her.

—Dr. H. K. Hoy of this place has added to his professianal outfit appliances for nose and throat treatment, like that used by the leading specialists of our large cities. Persons suffering from catarrhal trouble will do well to note this fact.

—Judging from a notice in the *Keystone Gazette* last week we concluded that "trumps" is a word associated with card playing. We did not know this before, but are surprised that the local editor of that paper shows that he is so familiar with the game. He needs reformation.

—The local genius of the *Gazette* incidentally remarked in his paper that on Centennial Inauguration day "the young swung in a hammock with a daisy." He dont say young what, but we conclude that he means the young editor of that paper and we would like to know whether that daisy blossoms on East Bishop or North Allegheny street. Tell us, Francis.

—The church of the Annunciation a very imposing and beautiful church edifice (Catholic), was dedicated in Williamsport on Sunday. Most Rev. P V Ryan, Archbishop of the Archdiocese of Philadelphia; Right Rev. William O'Hara, Bishop of the Diocese of Scranton; Right Rev. Thomas McGovern, Bishop of the diocese of Harrisburg, and a large number of prominent priests were present, and the occasion, in the beauty and solemnity of its services, was a very notable one.

HOW SHE FLIRTED.

A YOUNG LADY'S ADVENTURE IN THE WIND, ARRIVALS, DEPARTURES AND OTHER SNOW SHOE NOTES.

SNOW SHOE CITY, PA., May 6.

Rev. Owen Hicks, of Millheim, Pa., will deliver a lecture entitled "A Yankee Preacher in the Land of Reconstruction" in the Snow Shoe M. E. church, on Monday evening, May 13. It is a very popular lecture, abounding in facts, humor and fancy. Price of admission, 10 cents. After expenses are paid the net proceeds will be given to the Sunday-school.

Mr. Harvey Witherite, the fattest man in Snow Shoe township, started on a trip to Philadelphia Monday afternoon. He will represent the Snow Shoe Lodge of American Mechanics in the State Convention of that order, now being held in the Quaker city.

Messrs. Adams and Sober have sold their saw mill at Gorton Heights to Mr. M. P. Boak.

The American Mechanics went to Philipsburg in a body last Tuesday to attend the Washington centennial at that place. We noticed among them Barnum's fat man and Budinger's red headed Jew.

Jacob Yarnell, who has charge of the delivery department of Boak's mercantile establishment, has rented his farm at Marsh Creek and moved to Snow Shoe. His two handsome daughters will be quite an addition to Snow Shoe's many attractions.

Messrs. Grauer and Madill have a gang of men at work opening up their new mines at Cato, about 6 miles east of Snow Shoe, where they recently leased a valuable track of coal land.

If that young man wants to go to see Beckie in the future he should buy her folks a new set of window blinds.

The other evening a young lady from Gillentown was caught trying to flirt with Abe Robinson's dummy.

The roads in the vicinity of Snow Shoe are drying up very nicely.

Quite a number of Snow Shoe people drove over to Marsh Creek last Sunday to witness the ceremony of immersion.

G. M. Resser has just finished an addition to his residence, which greatly improves the appearance of the property.

One of Snow Shoe's handsomest young ladies was caught in a terrible wind storm last week and all the ribbons and feathers were blown off her spring bonnet.

Mr. Twitmire, the enterprising tinsmith of Bellefonte, put up handsome new spouting on the Mountain House and also on the Graner building last week.

Peter Cameron, the venerable mining superintendent of the Berwind-White Coal Co., passed through Snow Shoe last Wednesday, on his way to their mines at Three Runs.

The Misses Beates, two of the most charming young ladies of Pine Glenn, were shopping in Bellefonte last Saturday.

Rev. J W Bedford, pastor of the M E church, is preaching a series of sermons on Baptism.

Quite a number of Lock Haven people are in this locality at present. They are employed at the saw mill of Hopkins & Weymouth.

If that Clarence young man don't quit transmitting his amorous sentiments over the telephone to that Bellefonte young lady we will give him away or "tell his wife."

Mr. Albert Potts and family, who have lived in Snow Shoe for many years, will move to Big Run, Jefferson county, this week, where Mr, Potts has obtained steady employment.

Centre Countians in the West.

A former resident of this county who recently made a trip through the West, writes us the following in regard to persons who formerly resided here and are well and favorably known to many of our citizens.

Some twenty years ago, Mr. Joseph Roller, left Fillmore this county, and settled at Prairie Home, Shelby Co., Ill. When in that part of the state, I called on them and found them enjoying life and residing on a 450 acre farm, with all modern improvements. Their house is large and commodious and well furnished. This family are getting along pleasantly and making money, Mr. Rolier shipping from two to four thousand dollars worth of stock annually. His farm is considered one of the best in that section of the state.

Mr. Joseph Roller was married to Miss Anna Dale, of Houserville, this county, whose family are among the most prominent and substantial citizens of Centre county and her many friends and acquaintances will be pleased to learn that her "lines have fallen in pleasant places." Mr. and Mrs. Roller have become noted in that country for their generous hospitality and are always happy to entertain Centre county people.

The Late Mrs. Bullock.

MILESBURG, Monday, March 6.

Mrs. Elizabeth Bullock, wife of Louis C. Bullock, died on Sunday evening at 5 o'clock p. m. Her disease was congestion of the bowels. She was born on February 5, 1865, making her 24 years and 2 months of age. She leaves a husband and two young children to mourn their loss. She will be buried at Curtin's graveyard, on Wednesday, at 2.30 p. m. Mr. Bullock has the entire spmpathy of the whole community in his sad bereavement.

W. C. MORRIS.

A Sermon on the Subject.

Of course the subject of most of the special sermons nowadays is Prohibition. A union service was held in the Methodist church on Sunday evening, to hear a sermon on that subject. Soon after 7 o'clock the church was comfortably full and at 7.30 it was jammed and many were turned away. At least three-fourths of those who had seats, however, were ladies and we could not but express the wish that at this time, at least, the dear creatures might vote.

All the clergymen of the several churches represented in the service were present. So was the President Judge of the Courts and many members of the bar. The choir was large and sang nicely—all but the Psalm which they chanted as a voluntary, which candor compells us to say did not impress us favorably.

Rev. Dr. Laurie prayed, Rev. W. A. Houck read the Scriptures and Rev. W. L. Hayden preached. His subject was a striking one—"The Throne of Iniquity." His text was equally striking and *apropos*. It was from Psalm 94:20—"Shall the throne of iniquity have fellowship with thee, which frameth mischief by law?" He said a throne is a seat of power. When iniquity is enthroned on the seat of power it becomes virtually the throne of iniquity. It would seem startling to assert that this State has enthroned iniquity, but such is the fact. He thus accused the State and would prove it. All our history of laws enacted on the liquor traffic are a confession that it is iniquitous. Each successive law enacted is a confession that the former one was a failure. High license does not decrease the quantity of liquor sold by one gallon. The greater the bribe given to sell liquor the greater the iniquity. He quoted statistics from Nebraska and of high and low licensed cities compared, the least liquor being sold in the low license places. It is a failure in point of revenue, because it entails far more cost in the pay for paupers and the pay of police than the revenue amounts to. Gladstone and other statesmen, Huxley and other scientists were quoted as opposed to revenue derived from such a corrupting source. He combated the other arguments urged against Prohibition and said that the position of Prohibition is the only one which includes the truest personal liberty. He tried to treat ministers courteously who oppose Prohibition, but can not comprehend their reasons. The Bible is opposed to strong drink and only upholds it when used as a medicine as the Prohibition Amendment proposes to do. He quoted the Supreme Court decisions which give the State the power to prohibit whatever is destructive to people or property without recompensing individuals or corporations whose property may thereby be decreased in value. He closed by saying that the responsibility rests with the voter. The people of this entire country are looking at the Keystone State. Liquor men admit that the influence of this State if it carries the Amendment will be sufficient to carry it in all the other states in the a few years.

Rev. Mr. Hoshour made the closing prayer.

Death of George Immel.

George Immel was born June 1, 1812. After he was married he settled on some land near the toll-gate north of Bellefonte where he lived for over 21 years, raising a family of three sons and four daughters, two sons having died. The names of his three surviving sons are Philip, Jonathan and Andrew, while his sons-in-law are August Newman John Martin, present postmaster at Milesburg, Samuel Fetters and John Croft. In his earlier years he made a profession of religion and united with the Dunkard church. A few years ago he was taken with consumption of which he died on April 25th, 1889; aged 76 years, 10 months and 24 days. His funeral took place from his late residence in Milesburg, on the 27th ult., religious services being conducted by Rev. W. O. Wright. His remains were taken to the cemetery south of Zion and there interred and a short discourse delivered by Rev. J. Zeigler on 1 Cor. 15: 1—4. His aged widow and seven children with their families are left to mourn his departure, sharing the sympathy of neighbors and acquaintances in their bereavement,

Centre Democrat please copy. X.

Thankful Even when Downed.

Again I deem it my duty, on behalf of the Fleming base ball club, to extend our hearty thanks to Mr. J. Price Jackson manager, to the players on the College team, and to the students of P. S. C., for the courteous treatment we received on the occasion of our trip to the College on Saturday, May 4th, 1889. We also desire to thank Mr. Isaac Harpster, of Centre Hall, the gentleman who caught such a fine game for us, for his valuable assistance on the ball ground on Saturday.

H. U. TIBBENS.
Manager Fleming Base Ball Club.

—Mr. John Leathers, the stone ware manufacturer at Mount Eagle, recently had one of his hands very badly cut on a circular saw. The injured hand gave him very great pain. We are sorry to hear of the accident.

THE EXAMINATIONS.

When and Where they will be Conducted by Prof. D. M. Wolf.

This is the list of teacher's examinations just announced by Prof. Wolf:

Taylor and Worth, Port Matilda, Tuesday, May 21.

Half Moon and Patton, Stormstown, Wednesday, May 22.

Huston, and Union, Unionville, Thursday, May 23.

Liberty, Eagleville, Friday, May 24.

Burnside and Snow Shoe, Snow Shoe, Tuesday, May 28.

Boggs and Milesburg, Central City, Wednesday, May 29.

Walker and Marion, Hublersburg, Thursday, May 30.

Bellefonte, Benner and Spring, Bellefonte, Friday May 31.

Curtin and Howard, Howard, Tuesday, June, 4.

Harris, Boalsburg, Wednesday, June 5.

Ferguson, Pine Grove, Thursday, June 6.

College, Lemont, Friday, June 7.

Centre Hall and Potter, Centre Hall, Saturday, June 8.

Haines, Aaronsburg, Monday, June 10.

Millheim and Penn, Millheim, Tuesday, June 11.

Miles, Rebersburg, Wednesday, June 12.

Gregg, Spring Mills, Thursday, June 13.

Special, Bellefonte, Friday, August 23.

Special, Bellefonte, Friday, September 6.

Examinations begin at 9 A. M. sharp.

Applicants must present testimonials of character signed by at least three Directors.

D. M. WOLF,
Co. Supt.

Ho! For the Prohibition Meeting!!

The great rally for Prohibition, to be held in this place on Friday evening of this week, the 10th, will be a grand event.

SENATOR ALEX H COLQUITT,

who will be present and will speak, has a National reputation. His addresses are considered among the strongest and best on this subject that are delivered by anyone. Remember the vast importance of this issue and be sure to hear him.

HON. J. W. NICHOLS,

of Illinois, will also speak. The two gentlemen will make the occasion the most interesting thus far of the campaign. The watchword is "For God, for Country and Home." Citizens of this county who would do what they can for these, which include all that men hold dear must attend this meeting.

Excursion rates over all the railroads leading to Bellefonte. Return trains to Lemont and State College if a sufficient number of tickets are sold.

The same speakers will be at Millheim on Thursday afternoon, the 9th.

—Bellefonte has been honored by the Princeton College authorities in selecting it as one of the places where candidates for admission to the institution can meet to receive their examination. Students from all parts of the country attend Princeton and there is provision made for examination in San Francisco, Chicago, New York and other large cities The object of this is to save the applicant the expense which would otherwise be entailed in going such a great distance for the purpose of undergoing an examination. President Patton has now announced that students from this part of the state can be examined in Bellefonte. For instance three pupils will likely go to Princeton from Bellefonte this year and the fact that they can be examined here will save them at least $30 a piece. It will be a corresponding reduction of expense to all other young men in this vicinity who come to Bellefonte for examination. The examinations will be under the supervision of Rev. James P. Hughes, of this place. The first examination will take place on the 20th of June and all young men desiring further information in regard to admission to Princeton should call on or correspond with Rev. James P. Hughes.

—Williamsport is a great place for tarantulas. This is an animal the bite of which is deadly poison and hence is disagreeable to have around. It is not a native of this clime and only gets here (or in Williamsport we mean) by being transported in bunches of bananas: We never hear of it in other places, but ever and anon the Williamsport banana dealers are discovering tarantulas, which at once scamper away unless the dealer in some way restrains and capturs the deadly tarantula and he is placed on exhibition to become a regular bonanza to the discoverer. We imagine that the banana gatherers have conspired to place a tarantula in every bunch of bananas which they send to Williamsport. For of course the people down there know a tarantula when they see it. We have not heard thus far that any Williamsporter has *felt* a tarantula and hence they are all yet alive, or perhaps the tarantula considers the average Williamsporter an altogether too degenerate sort of creature to try his teeth upon. It would be an excellent movement on the part of this tarantula if he would tare into the "la la" who writes locals for the Williamsport *Sun and Banner*, and if the result is not fatal it might instill a few common-sense ideas into the mind of the aforesaid "la la."

Personal Pencilings.

Mr. Fred Steck, son of Rev. Charles Steck of Williamsport, is visiting in town.

Miss Arnold, of Williamsport, is a guest at the home of Mr. J. G. Heylmun, on Curtin street.

Mrs. Mitchell Gardner, of Howard, pleased Bellefonte friends with her presence among them on Saturday.

Dr. R. L. Dartt had a birthday anniversary on Friday last, he being exactly 33 years old—one-third of a century!

Governor and Mrs. Beaver were entered at dinner while in New York at the palatial home of Vice President Morton.

Rev. Charles T. Steck, now of Williamsport, has been selected as one of the Chautauqua lecturers next Summer.

Mr. Jones of Port Matilda, just completed a first-class job of plastering on the new Lutheran church at Warriorsmark.

Gilbert Beaver, eldest son of the Governor, was in Bellefonte on Saturday until the train left for State College in the afternoon.

Rt. Rev. Bishop McGovern of Harrisburg and Rev. Father Farren of Tyrone spent Monday with Rev. P. McArdle in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Collins are now occupying the brick mansion on Allegheny street belonging to the late Judge Hale's estate.

Mrs. Ruben Valentine and her daughters, who have been spending the winter in California, are expected home in about two weeks.

John Mitchell, Centre county's second most renowned base ballist, started to Minneapolis on Monday to play with the nine of that city.

Alexander Cooper, a well known temperance evangelist, is announced to hold a series of Constitutional Amendment meetings in this county.

George H. Cook, a brother of Messrs. Charles and A. J. Cook of this place, has been appointed postmaster at Flagstaff, Arizona Territory.

Gen. Hastings came home on Saturday and from the new front porch of his handsome residence surveyed the improvements in progress on the premises.

Lieutenant Col H. S. Hale, of the Fifth Regiment, N. G. of Pa., has tendered his resignation, which has been approved and forwarded to brigade headquarters.

Adjutant General Hastings has accepted an invitation from the Girard College Alumni Executive Committee to deliver an oration on Founder's day, the 20th inst.

Prof. J. Stanley Grimes, who is now lecturing in this place, tells us that he is 83 years of age—truly a remarkably well preserved and active gentleman considering his age.

Rev. J. Zeigler, proprietor of the nurseries at Snow Shoe Intersection, left a most exquisite bouquet of pansies at our office Tuesday morning. He has a large and beautiful variety of this matchless flower.

Mr. A. L. Miller departed on Thursday afternoon for Altoona, in the suburbs of which city he will at once begin his ministerial labors, and we have confidence to believe that he will be very successful.

Mr. Harry Sayre, who is on the mail route between New York and Chicago, spent last week in town, departing on Saturday to enter on his duties. He spends a week on the route and then is off for a week. He reports that he is pleased with it.

Mr. William Conley, with his wife and baby went on Tuesday for a week's visit with his relatives in the country near Centre Hall. Nature is very beautiful and attractive just now and they expect that the country air and life will be not only delightful but physically beneficial.

Hon. Jacob Tome, of Port Deposit, Md., spent Wednesday in Bellefonte at the home of Mr. D G Bush. Mr. Tome is one of the most liberal men in the United States, and recently founded a large educational school which has made his name known as a princely giver throughout the entire country.

Mr. Chas. Rhone, son of Dr. J W Rhone' graduated in dentistry on Wednesday of last week at the University of Pennsylvania in Philadelphia. Charley is a decidedly bright young gentleman and his progress has been rapid and thorough during the time he has spent at the University. He will return home this week and will assist his father in the practice of his profession. We congratulate him on the progress he has made and the prospect before him.

Major D. B. Kurtz, of San Luis Ray, California, arrived on Monday and is a guest of Mr. James McClure. He is very well acquainted with Mr. Charles McClure, who has been in California for several years, and his acquaintance with Charley led to his visit here on his trip East. Major Kurtz went to the West over thirty years ago from Lancaster county and this is his first visit East. He is a very agreeable, companionable gentleman and we hope he will enjoy his visit here.

FOR A DEPARTED COMRADE.

HEADQUARTERS GREGG POST, No. 95, D. OF PA., BELLEFONTE, May 6, 1889.

To the Memory of the late Comrade David H. Swires:

Another name has been dropped from the rolls of the Post, and her friend and comrade gone to muster at the call of the Great Commander: therefore, as his comrades, let

Resolve, That we mourn deeply the loss of a man and comrade, high in our esteem and fellowship; also

Resolved, That the memory of the late comrade, David H. Swires, shall ever remain fresh in our minds as his love in our hearts; that, as all those who muster above, we hold him, under God's will, not as one dead but living; finally,

Resolved, That the comrade in whose memory these sentiments have been written and read in regular meeting of the Post, may not forget us, nor that like us he once was mortal, that he may see us in a purer, better happier light, than we see each other. All ills dissolved away, may he then see us with the eyes of immortality, nothing but the good remaining; thus, awaiting us, may stand ready at his post on the ramparts of Soldiers' Home in the Immortal Land, thence to reach out and sieze with the grip of fellowship the comrade advancing.

1st Lieut. David H. Swires enlisted as a private in the 148th regiment, P. V., August 20, '62, and was mustered out of the service August 19, 1865, as 1st Lieutenant of Company B. He was commissioned for meritorious service and bravery, having been shot through the lung. Lieut. Swires was within a few days of 48 years of age at the time of his death. He became a member of Gregg Post June 10, 1879.

JOSHUA FOLK,
JNO. FEASTER,
DANIEL EVERHART,
Committee on Resolutions.

Less than an Hour.

The time given by the borough council to business on Monday evening at its usual meeting was less than an hour. However, the briefer the meeting the better if the borough affairs do not suffer. Nearly all the members were present.

Two citizens of East Howard street—Messrs. Port and Clark—were present to champion a petition sent in by about all the residents and property owners thereabouts for water and boardwalk facilities on that street east of Ridge. The Water committee will report on this request.

The Street committee announced that about all the work they had in hand is completed. The Fire and Police committee have given their attention to the lock-up which they have whitewashed inside and out, ready for summer boarders. The Market and the Nuisance committees were the next to report. A glance at the receipts and expenses developed the fact that the borough owes the Treasurer $2934.42.

The reservoir is to be repaired according to recommendations of the Water committee and the work will likely begin to-day. The work will not be given by contract, but will be done by the day.

There was a complaint of a nuisance existing in Cherry alley which is a regular breeder of disease. It will be abated.

Mr. D. Z. Kline, W. F. Reeder, Esq., and Mr. Isaac Mitchell are appointed a committee to equalize the assessment of water tax.

Baptismal Service.

The baptisimal services announced under the auspices of Messiah's church were held in the U. B. church on Little Marsh Creek at 2 o'clock on the 5th inst. Upwards of a thousand persons had assembled, the church building being much too small to accommodate those who came. The day was exceedingly fair, adding much to the delight and comfort of all. Rev. J. Zeigler preached upon the text Matt. 28:19,20,—and examined fourteen applicants for the ordinance, relative to their confession of Christ and the faith they cherished, while Rev. Vanderhercher of Milesburg assisted in the preliminaries. After the sermon the candidates being duly prepared, were buried with Christ *by baptism* in the stream near by, on lands of Mr. Butler who kindly tendered the privilege. The occasion was solemn and impressive, setting forth the believer's death unto sin, and his resurrection to a new life, identifying himself with the death, burial and resurrection of Christ,—as Paul fitly remarks—Rom. 6:5. "For if we have been planted together in *the likeness* of His death, we shall be also in *the likeness* of His resurrection." Rev. Zeigler administered the ordinance. So be it.

Night Train from the Prohibition Meeting.

It will be good news to everybody living between here and Lock Haven to learn that the Bald Eagle train will be held on Friday night until 9.32 o'clock for the benefit of people from that direction who may attend the grand Prohibition rally in this place. This is a courtesy from the railroad company which we are glad to acknowledge and it will add to the success of the meeting.

DIED.

LAMBERT.—In Bellefonte, on Saturday, May 4th, Mrs. Maggie Lambert, aged 51 years, 10 months and 18 days. Funeral at 2 o'clock on Monday, the 6th, Rev. Mr. Sarvis officiating.